



# Advanced Web Services with JSON API



# HOWDY!

**I am Mateu**

I am here because I am a decoupling nerd

You can find me at @e0ipso



# You will learn about...

## **JSON API**

What is it?

Why use it?

## **Drupal module**

What's the status?

What are the  
limitations?

How does it relates  
to REST in core?

## **Outstanding problems**

Still looking for  
solutions!

A green bicycle is leaning against a rustic wooden shed. The shed has a blue door with peeling paint and a wooden frame. The walls are made of weathered, vertical wooden planks. The ground is covered in tall grass and small flowers. The image is framed by colorful geometric shapes on the left and right sides.

`{json:api}`  
paints your  
bike shed

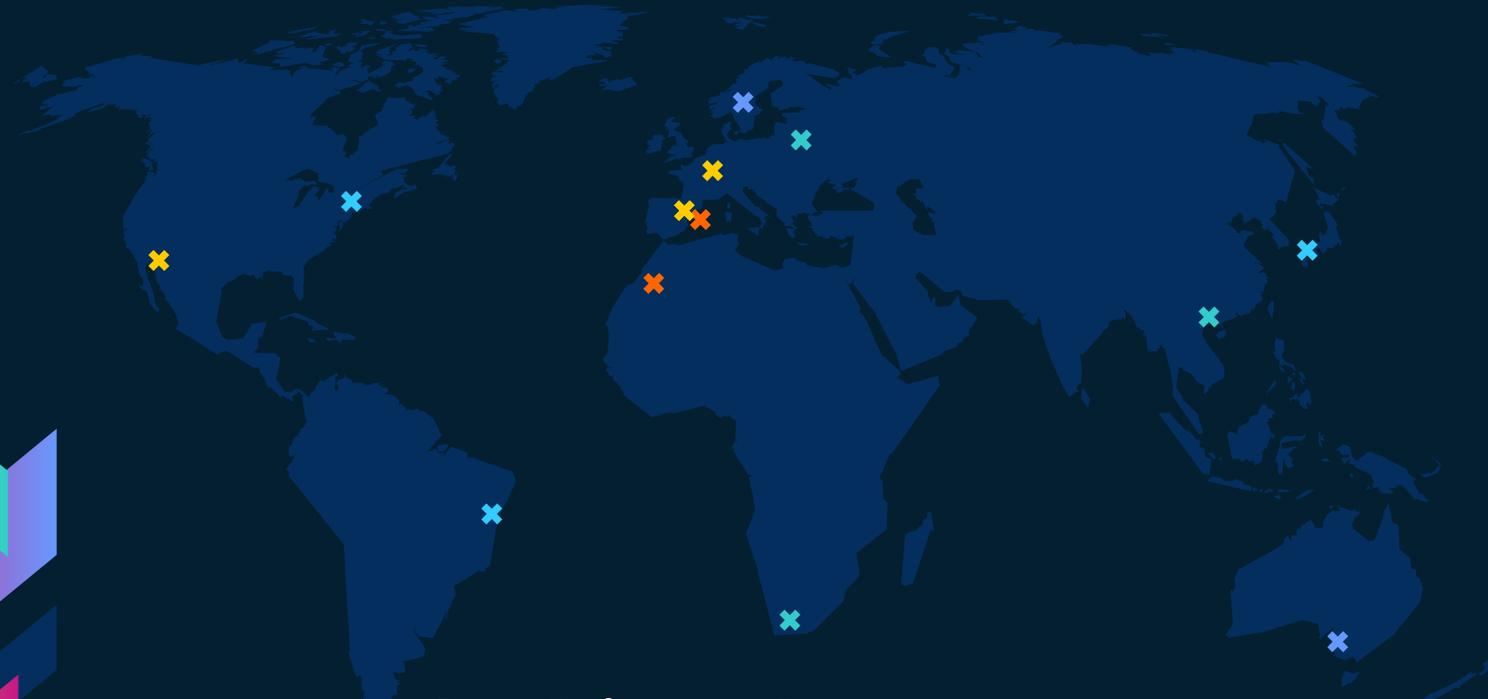
```
// ...
{
  "type": "articles",
  "id": "1",
  "attributes": {
    "title": "Rails is Omakase"
  },
  "relationships": {
    "author": {
      "links": {
        "self": "/articles/1/relationships/author",
        "related": "/articles/1/author"
      },
      "data": { "type": "people", "id": "9" }
    }
  }
}
...
```

# Defines:

- Transport
- Interaction

```
GET /articles/1/relationships/comments HTTP/1.1
Accept: application/vnd.api+json
```

# Creative Commons specification



**Strongly driven by FE & UX experts**

Steve Klabnik, Yehuda Katz, Dan Gebhardt, Tyler Kellen, Ethan Resnick



# Why this one?

Since there are others, and a HAL implementation is already in core. And GraphQL in contrib.



# 141 repos

That's a lot of traction

# 18 languages

And a lot of range

# Client & Server

Total success!

Case Inlet Retreat

new.aia.org/showcases/11356-case-inlet-retreat?editing=true&tools=true

Editor ON Page File Auto-save Create New +

SHOWCASE 2016-05-03 Case Inlet Retreat

Award

Award Type

Institute Honor Awards for Architecture

Sub Award Type

Award Year

2016

Topic

Audience

Members Public AEC Professionals

AEC Professionals

Components

Emerging Professionals

Members

Partners

Prospective Members

Public

ATA My Account Logout

Architects Career Advocacy Events Topics Practice About AIA Contracts

2016 Institute Honor Awards for Architecture

Case Inlet Retreat

f t in +





## With a highlight on its **flexibility**

Stays neutral on implementation details and gives you space. Also provides extension system.



**RTFM**

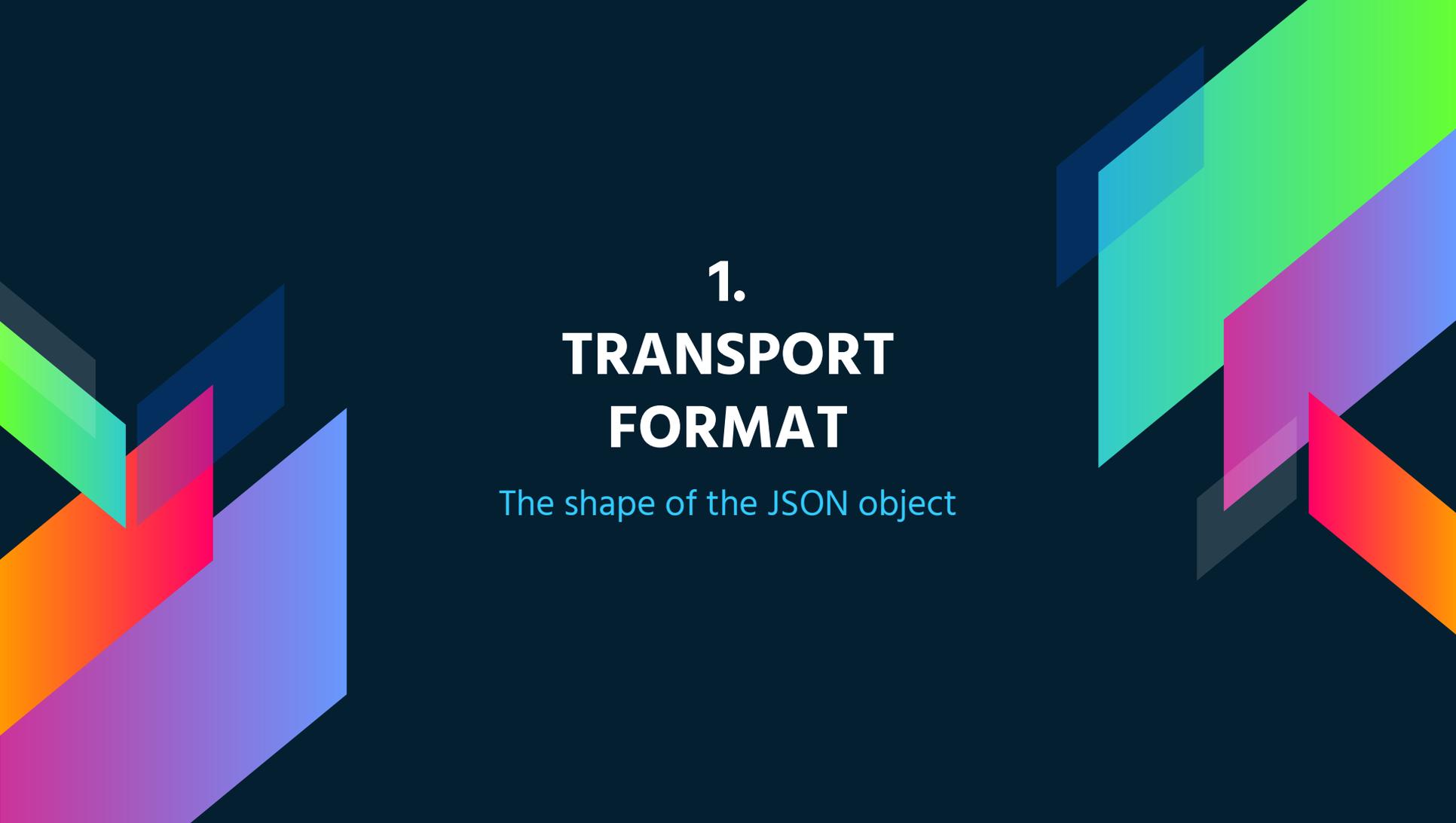
# HOW DID I GET HERE?



# Response to the typical problems

- > Multiple round trip requests
- > Bloated responses
- > Content discovery

They all have known solid solutions!



# 1. TRANSPORT FORMAT

The shape of the JSON object

**Resource data  
Info  
(ID)**

**Supporting  
Structure  
(GLUE)**

**Attributes  
&  
Relationships  
(DATA)**

**HATEOAS  
&  
Metadata  
(HYPERMEDIA)**

**FORMAT**

```
{
  "data": {
    "type": "articles",
    "id": "1",
    "attributes": {...},
    "relationships": {...},
  },
  "links": {...},
  "meta": {...}
}
```

**FORMAT**

```
{  
  ...  
  "attributes": {  
    "title": "Drupal 8!",  
    "body": "Lorem ipsum"  
    ...  
  },  
  ...  
}
```

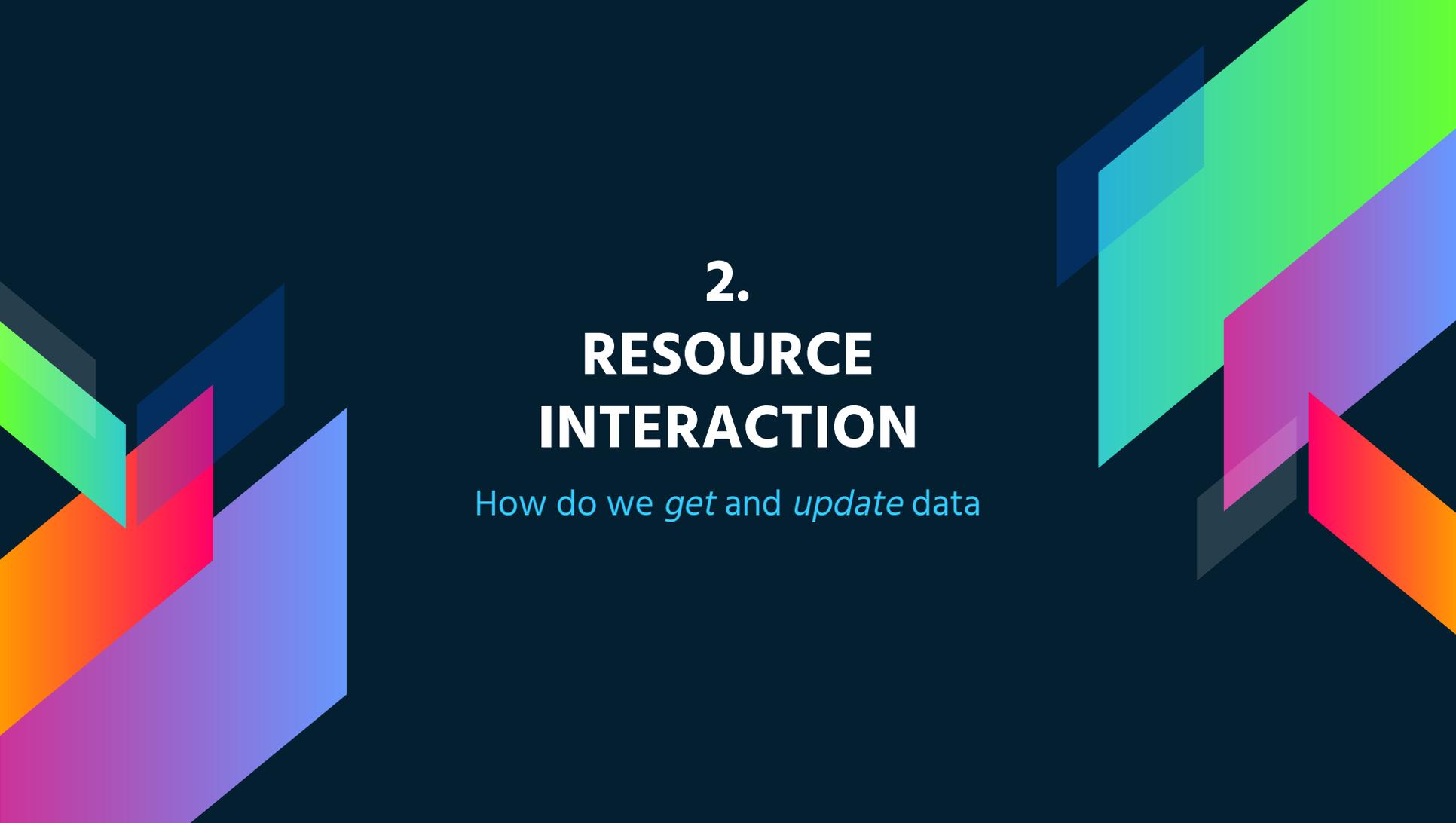
**FORMAT**

...

```
"relationships": {  
  "links": {  
    "self": "articles/1/relationships"  
  },  
  "tags": {  
    "data": [{  
      "type": "tags",  
      "id": "2"  
    }]  
  }  
}
```

...

**FORMAT**



## 2. RESOURCE INTERACTION

How do we *get* and *update* data



# Uses REST

GET, POST, PUT, PATCH, DELETE, ...

# Typical request

```
GET /articles HTTP/1.1  
Accept: application/vnd.api+json
```



**RESPONSE**

```
/api/node/article?_format=api_json
```



# The typical solutions

- > ⚠ Multiple round trip requests
- > ✅ Resource embedding
  
- > ⚠ Bloated responses
- > ✅ Sparse fieldsets
  
- > ⚠ Content discovery
- > ✅ Collections and filters

# EXTREMELY SIMPLE

Your project will have way more stuff than this!



- › **1:** GET `articles/12`
- › **2:** GET `articles/12` => `tags/34`
- › **3:** GET `articles/12` => `tags/88`
- › **4:** GET `articles/12` => `users/88`
- › **5:** GET `articles/12` => `users/88` => `images/5`
- › **6:** GET `articles/12/comments`
- › **7:** GET `articles/12` => `comment/2`
- › **8:** GET `articles/12` => `comment/2` => `user/8`
- › **9:** GET `articles/12` => `comment/2` => `user/8` => `image/9`
- › **10:** GET `articles/12` => `comment/7` [...]
- › **11:** GET `articles/12` => `comment/7` [...]
- › **12:** GET `articles/12` => `comment/7` [...]
- › **MORE!**

GET /articles/12?

include=

author,author.pic,

tags,

comment,comment.author,

comment.author.pic

**Resource  
embedding**



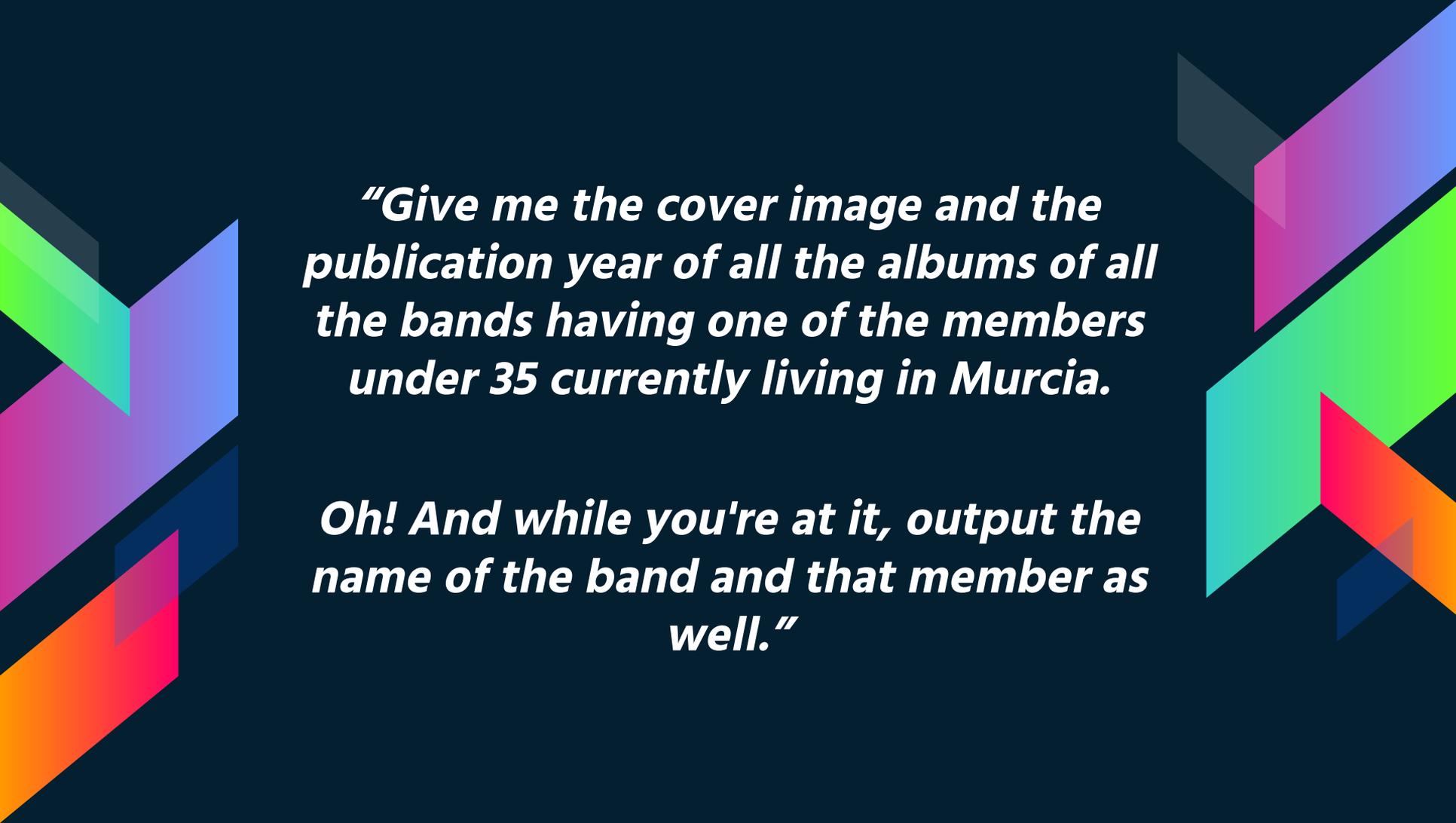
```
GET /articles/12?  
fields[articles]=  
  title,  
  created
```

**Sparse  
fieldsets**

...

```
"attributes": {  
  "title": "My article",  
  "uuid": "12345-1234-34",  
  "created": "10-05-2012",  
  "status": "1",  
  "body": {...},  
  "langcode": "en"  
}
```

...



***“Give me the cover image and the publication year of all the albums of all the bands having one of the members under 35 currently living in Murcia.***

***Oh! And while you're at it, output the name of the band and that member as well.”***

```
GET /bands?
```

```
filter[members.city][value]=Murcia&
```

```
filter[members.age][value]=35&
```

```
filter[members.age][operator]="<="&
```

```
include=albums,albums.cover,members&
```

```
fields[bands]=name,albums,members&
```

```
fields[members]=name&
```

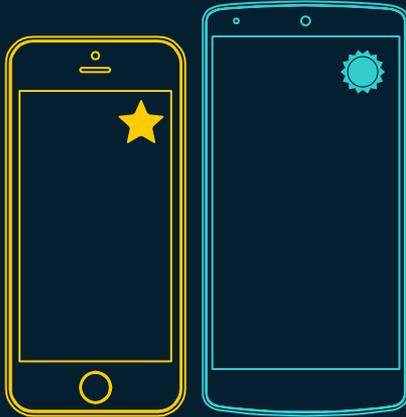
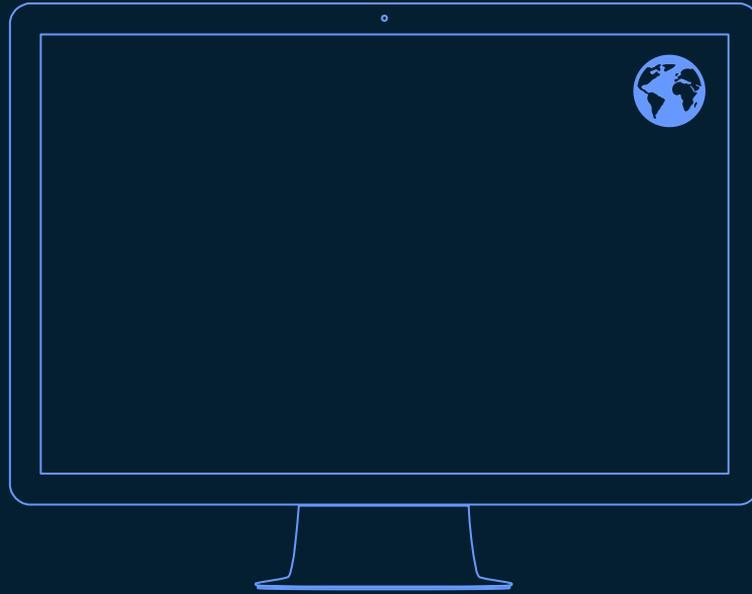
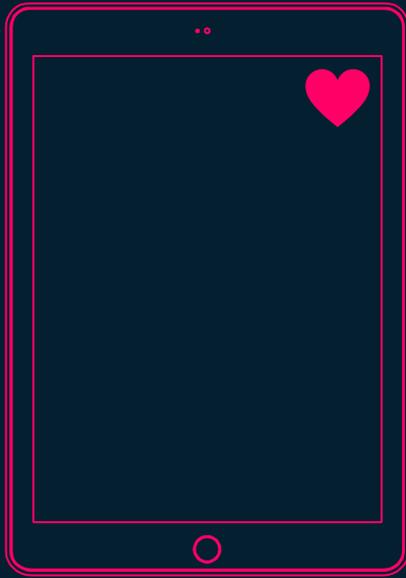
```
fields[albums]=publication&
```

```
fields[images]=uri
```

**Collections  
and filters**

# WRITE URL QUERIES

Every **API consumer** requests the resource data it needs. It can be different every time.



Every consumer has **different** data needs. The server (Drupal) cannot choose what those are.

# Every resource 4 “endpoints”

1. `/bands/1234`
  - > `GET, PUT, PATCH, DELETE`
2. `/bands`
  - > `GET, POST`
3. `/bands/1234/albums`
  - > `GET`
4. `/bands/1234/relationships/albums`
  - > `GET, PATCH`

3.

# PERFORMANCE

How fast is the Drupal module?



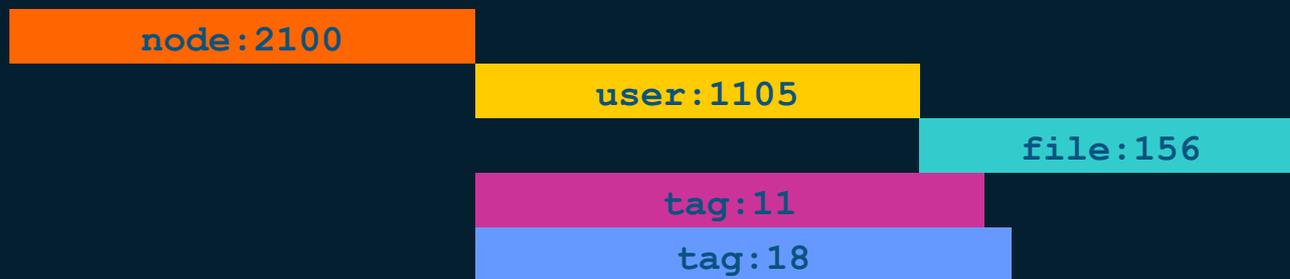
# Benchmarking JSON API

- > `ab -v4 -k -c8 -n10 -A u:p`
- > `node:2100`
- > `include`
  - > `Author`
    - > `Author image`
  - > `Tags (2 tags)`

# Benchmarking core HAL JSON

- > `ab -v4 -k -c8 -n10 -A u:p`
- > `node:2100`
  - > `user:1105`
    - > `file:156 (slow path)`
  - `tag:11`
  - `tag:18`

# Results (core): anonymous

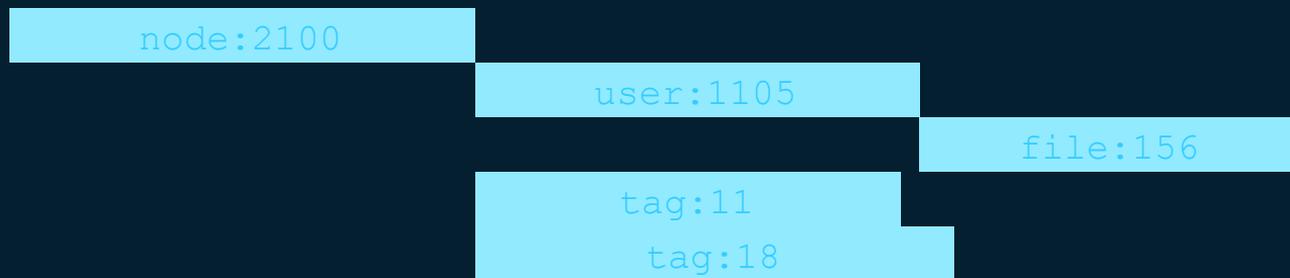


~ 21 ms



Using Keep Alive

# Results (jsonapi): anonymous



**~ 7 ms**



	Core (ms)	{json:api} (ms)
<b>Anonymous</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>Auth</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>115</b>
<b>Uncached</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>182</b>

<https://gist.github.com/e0ipso/4b1b346b296fbf0c918450fef5b0b3d7>

# AVOID BOOTSTRAPS

And unnecessary HTTP round trips.

4.

## DRUPAL MODULE

Our implementation of the standard.



The background is a dark blue gradient. In the top-left and bottom-left corners, there are abstract, overlapping geometric shapes in shades of green, purple, and blue. In the top-right and bottom-right corners, there are similar abstract shapes in shades of purple, green, red, and orange. The text is centered in the middle of the page.

[drupal.org/project/jsonapi](https://drupal.org/project/jsonapi)

That was expected, wasn't it?

# Drupal Integration

- › Integrates with Authentication Providers
  - › OAuth 2 Bearer Token (via simple\_oauth)
- › Full cacheability metadata support

# Oriented to entity bundles

- > Each resource is a bundle
- > `/api/node/page`
- > Automatically enabled (can be disabled)
- > You can do **any** entity query as filter
- > Works with **config** entities!

# Automatic schema generation

- > Uses type data to generate the schema
- > `/schema/node/page`
- > Automatically enabled (can be disabled)

# Schema usages?

## GENERATE DOCS

Document Root

data Primary data

Primary data

attributes Resource's data

relationships Resource's relationships

Resource's relationships

type Content type

uid Authored by

revision\_uid Revision user ID

field\_tags array Tags

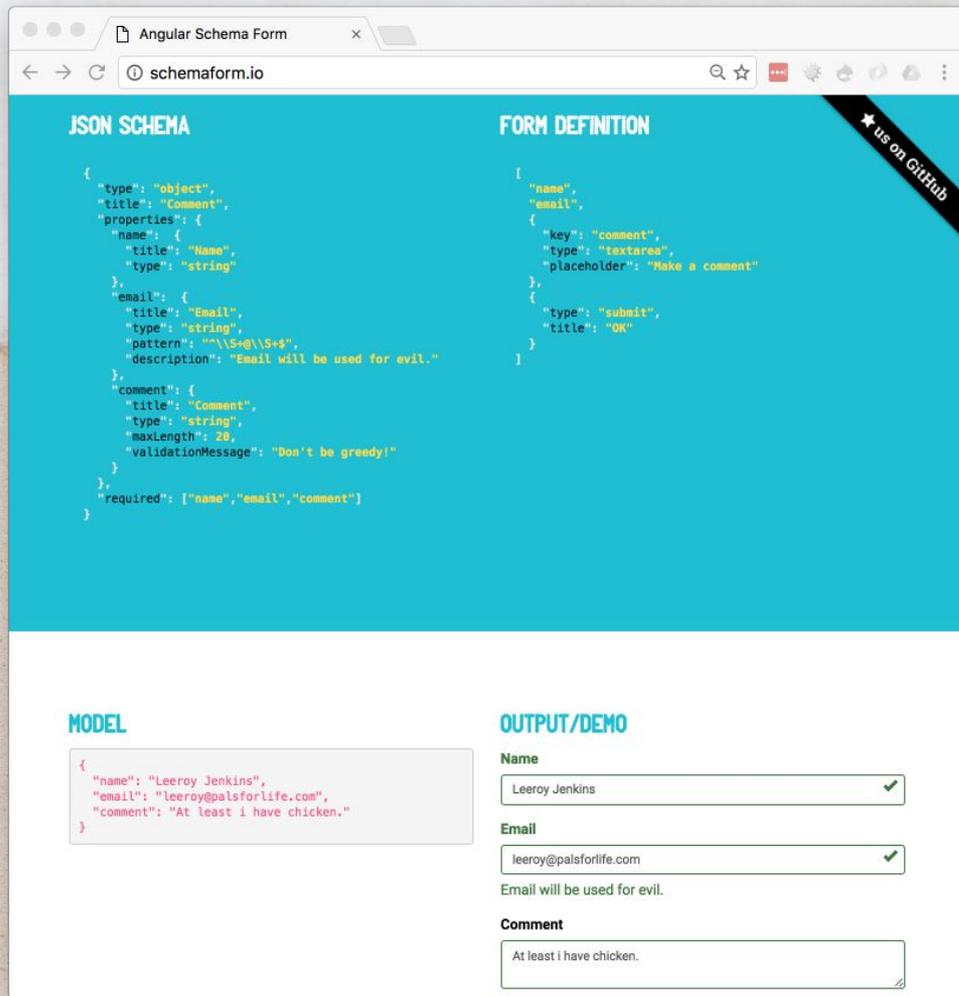
Tags Enter a comma-separated list. For example: Amsterdam, Mexico City, "Cleveland, Ohio"

type string

id integer

# Schema usages?

## GENERATE FORMS



The screenshot shows the Angular Schema Form website interface. The browser address bar displays 'schemaform.io'. The page is divided into four main sections: JSON Schema, FORM DEFINITION, MODEL, and OUTPUT/DEMO. A '★ us on GitHub' badge is visible in the top right corner of the blue header area.

### JSON SCHEMA

```
{
  "type": "object",
  "title": "Comment",
  "properties": {
    "name": {
      "title": "Name",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "email": {
      "title": "Email",
      "type": "string",
      "pattern": "\\S+@\\S+\\.\\S+",
      "description": "Email will be used for evil."
    },
    "comment": {
      "title": "Comment",
      "type": "string",
      "maxLength": 28,
      "validationMessage": "Don't be greedy!"
    }
  },
  "required": ["name", "email", "comment"]
}
```

### FORM DEFINITION

```
[
  {
    "name",
    "email",
    {
      "key": "comment",
      "type": "textarea",
      "placeholder": "Make a comment"
    },
    {
      "type": "submit",
      "title": "OK"
    }
  ]
]
```

### MODEL

```
{
  "name": "Leeroy Jenkins",
  "email": "leeroy@palsforlife.com",
  "comment": "At least i have chicken."
}
```

### OUTPUT/DEMO

**Name**

 ✓

**Email**

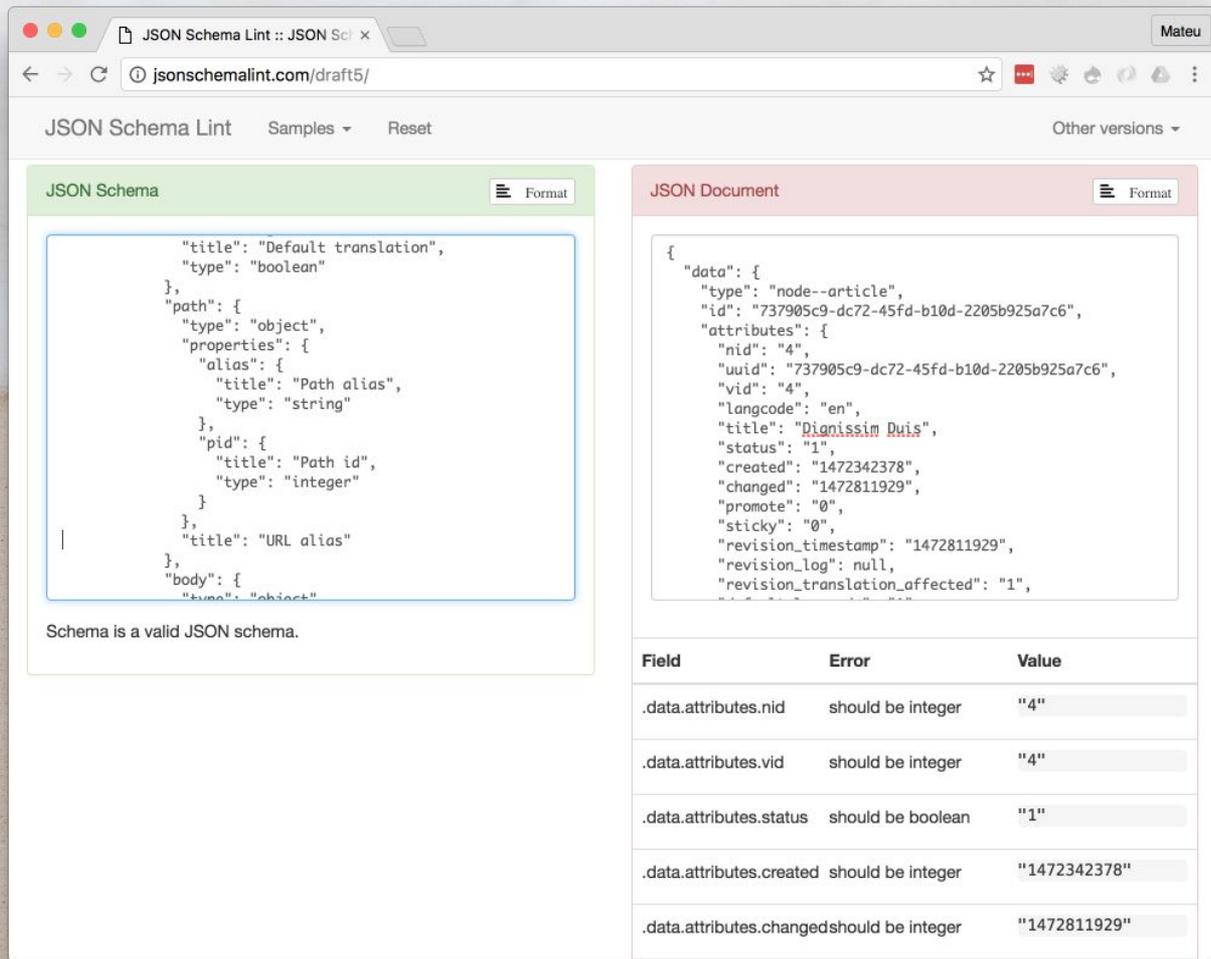
 ✓

Email will be used for evil.

**Comment**

# Schema usages?

## VALIDATE DATA



The screenshot shows the JSON Schema Lint website interface. The left panel, titled "JSON Schema", contains a valid schema definition. The right panel, titled "JSON Document", contains a JSON document with several validation errors. Below the document is a table listing these errors.

```
JSON Schema
```

```
{
  "title": "Default translation",
  "type": "boolean"
},
"path": {
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "alias": {
      "title": "Path alias",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "pid": {
      "title": "Path id",
      "type": "integer"
    }
  },
  "title": "URL alias"
},
"body": {
  "type": "object"
}
```

Schema is a valid JSON schema.

```
JSON Document
```

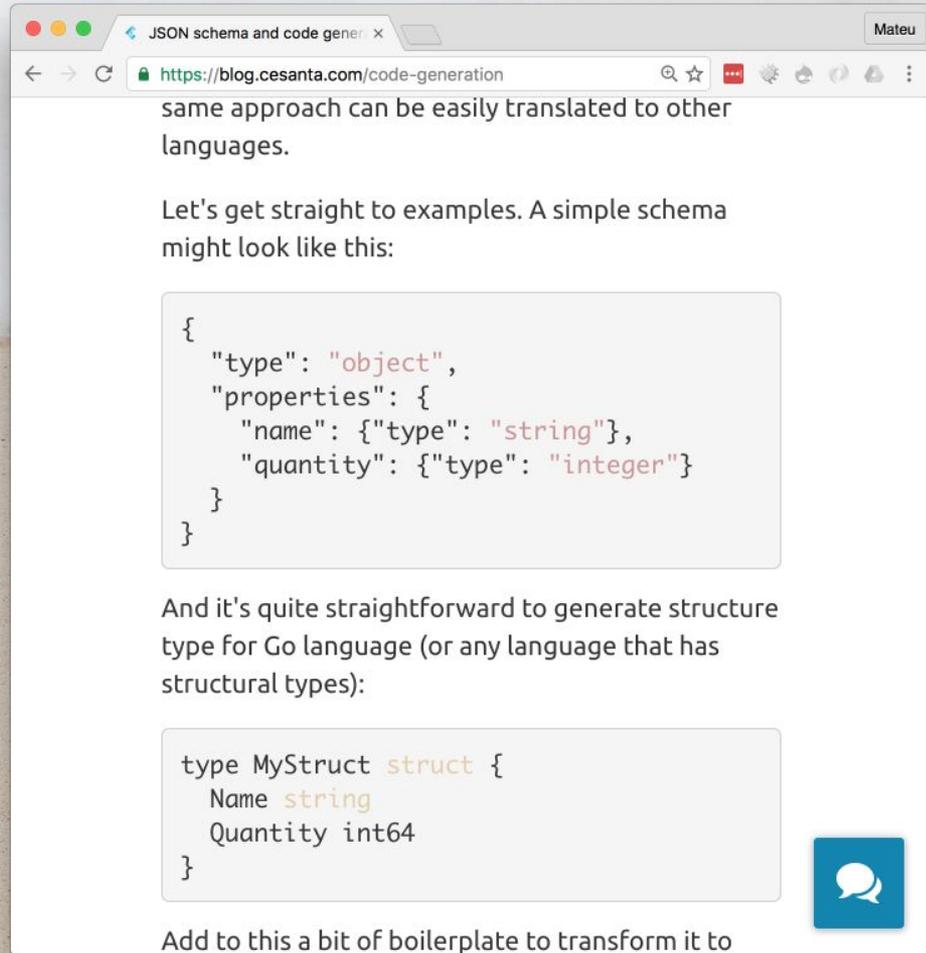
```
{
  "data": {
    "type": "node--article",
    "id": "737905c9-dc72-45fd-b10d-2205b925a7c6",
    "attributes": {
      "nid": "4",
      "uuid": "737905c9-dc72-45fd-b10d-2205b925a7c6",
      "vid": "4",
      "langcode": "en",
      "title": "Dianissim Duis",
      "status": "1",
      "created": "1472342378",
      "changed": "1472811929",
      "promote": "0",
      "sticky": "0",
      "revision_timestamp": "1472811929",
      "revision_log": null,
      "revision_translation_affected": "1",

```

Field	Error	Value
.data.attributes.nid	should be integer	"4"
.data.attributes.vid	should be integer	"4"
.data.attributes.status	should be boolean	"1"
.data.attributes.created	should be integer	"1472342378"
.data.attributes.changed	should be integer	"1472811929"

# Schema usages?

## GENERATE CODE



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar containing <https://blog.cesanta.com/code-generation>. The page content includes:

same approach can be easily translated to other languages.

Let's get straight to examples. A simple schema might look like this:

```
{
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "name": {"type": "string"},
    "quantity": {"type": "integer"}
  }
}
```

And it's quite straightforward to generate structure type for Go language (or any language that has structural types):

```
type MyStruct struct {
  Name string
  Quantity int64
}
```

At the bottom right of the browser window, there is a blue speech bubble icon.

Add to this a bit of boilerplate to transform it to

# Limitations

- > Multilingual support is not great
- > File integration needs some work
- > Revision support
- > Extensible through code only
- > Limited to the entity system

# Open challenges

- › Versioning content model in Drupal
- › Responsive images and image styles
- › Data pre-processing
- › Multiple-operation requests
- › Aggregated values



**Do you want to help?**

**Join us for contribution sprints!**

- › **First Time Sprinter Workshop** - 9:00-12:00 - Room Wicklow 2A
- › **Mentored Core Sprint** - 9:00-18:00 - Wicklow Hall 2B
- › **General Sprints** - 9:00 - 18:00 - Wicklow Hall 2A

# Credits

Special thanks to all the people who made and released these awesome resources for free:

- › Presentation template by [SlidesCarnival](#)
- › Photographs by [Startupstockphotos](#)
- › [Creative Commons images](#)

# What did you think?

Evaluate this session

[events.drupal.org/dublin2016/schedule](https://events.drupal.org/dublin2016/schedule)

[https://events.drupal.org/node/add/session-evaluation?field\\_eval\\_session=13193](https://events.drupal.org/node/add/session-evaluation?field_eval_session=13193)