



NEW ORLEANS

DRUPAL CON 2016



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DRUPALCON 2016

Drupal and Logstash: centralised logging

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To get you an idea

***Customer says they get randomly
redirected while browsing their
website...***



The old school

```
$ grep ' 30[1234]' /var/logs/apache2/access.log | grep -v  
baidu | grep -v Googlebot
```

```
173.230.156.8 - - [04/Sep/2015:06:10:10 +0000] "GET /morpht HTTP/1.0" 301 26  
"- "Mozilla/5.0 (pc-x86_64-linux-gnu)"  
192.3.83.5 - - [04/Sep/2015:06:10:22 +0000] "GET /?q=node/add HTTP/1.0" 301  
26 "http://morpht.com/" "Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_10_1)  
AppleWebKit/600.2.5 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/8.0.2 Safari/600.2.5"  
192.3.83.5 - - [04/Sep/2015:06:10:23 +0000] "GET /?q=user/register HTTP/1.0"  
301 26 "http://morpht.com/node/add" "Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X  
10_10_1) AppleWebKit/600.2.5 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/8.0.2 Safari/600.  
2.5"
```



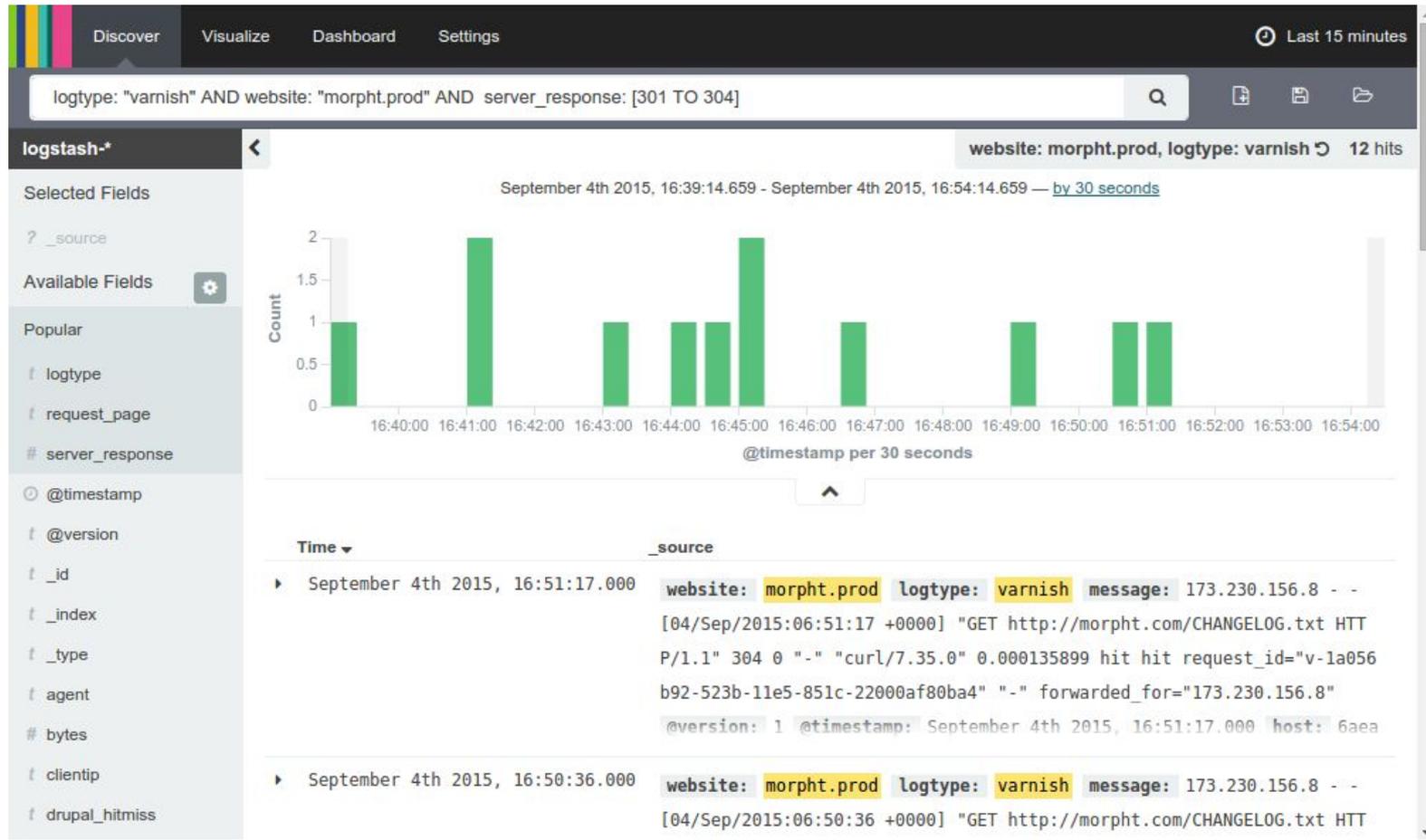
The new school

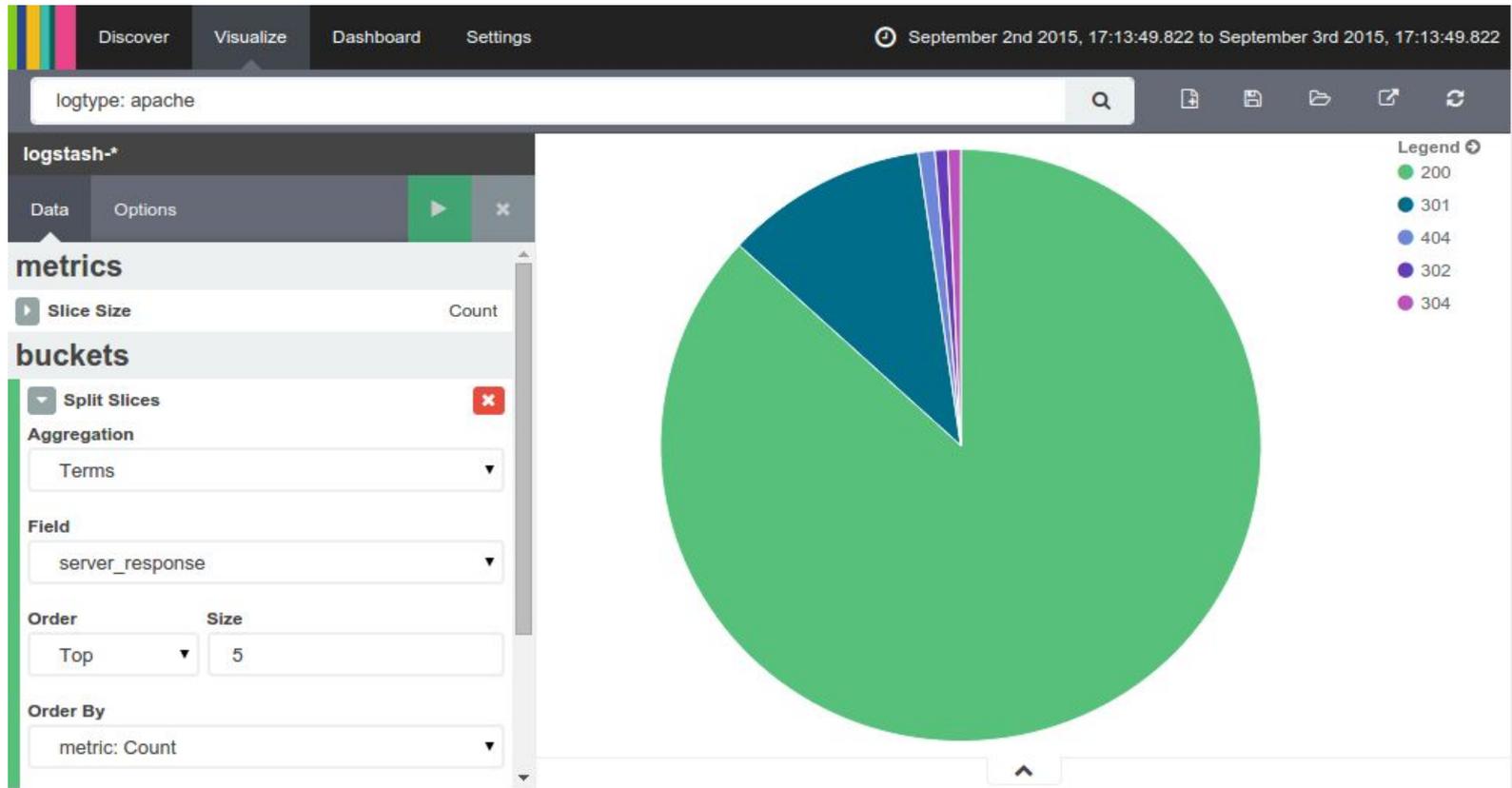
logtype: "apache" AND

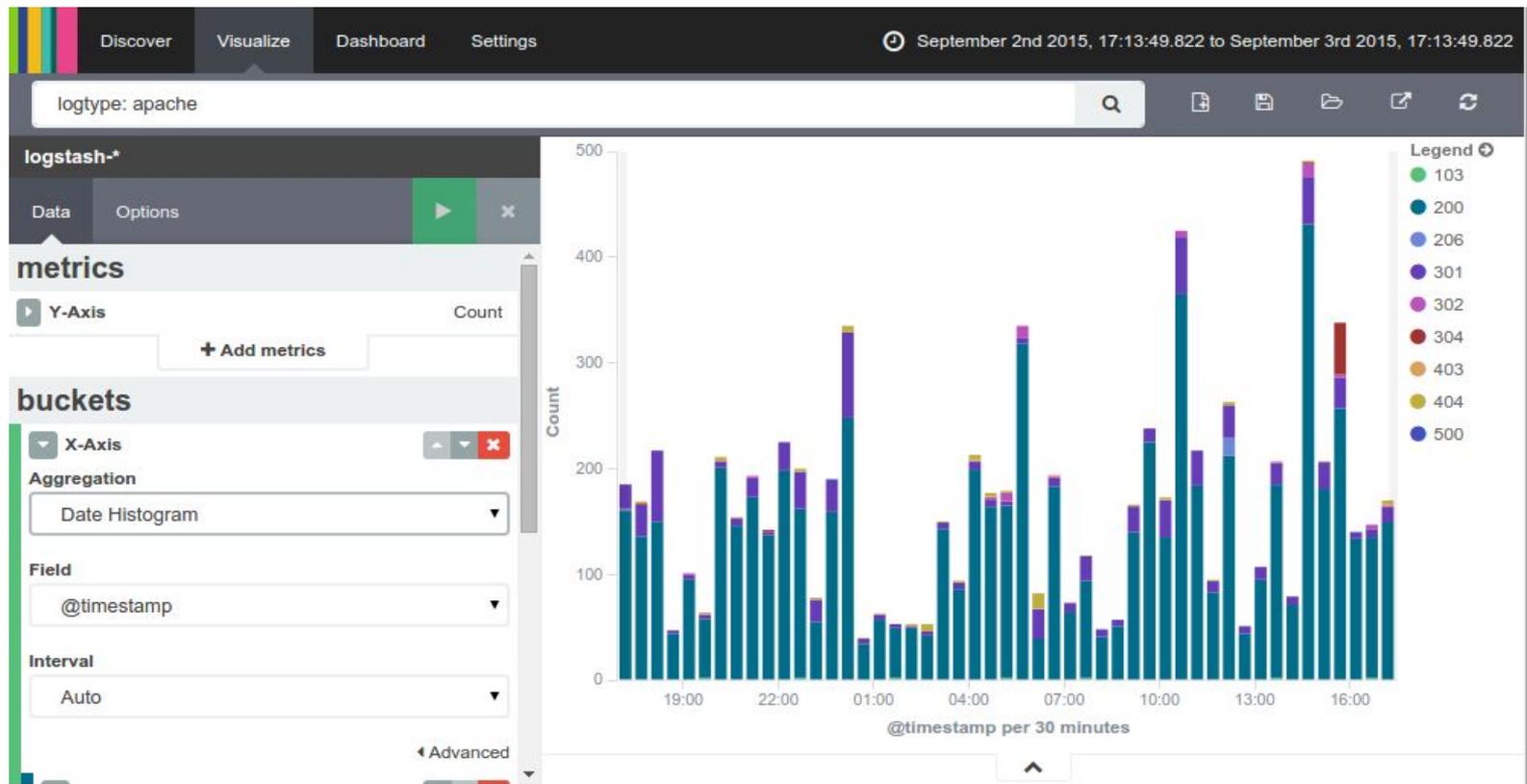
website: "mysite" AND

server_response: [301 TO 304]









What have we just seen?

- ❖ These were interactions with Kibana.
- ❖ We executed a query, created several visualisations.
- ❖ But what else is under the hood?
- ❖ And where is logstash?



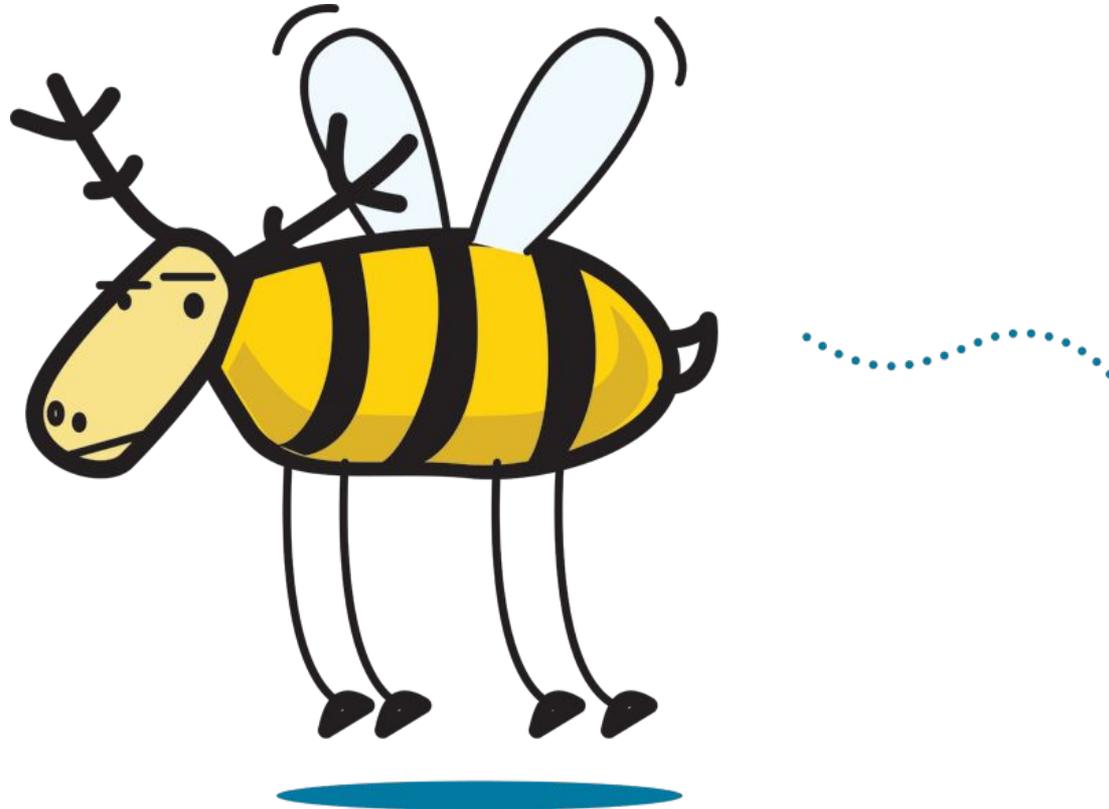


Source: "Family of Elk on Grassland" (CC BY-NC-ND 2.0) by Princess-Lodges

The ELK stack

Elasticsearch Logstash Kibana





Source: <https://www.elastic.co/blog/hey-elastic-stack-and-x-pack>

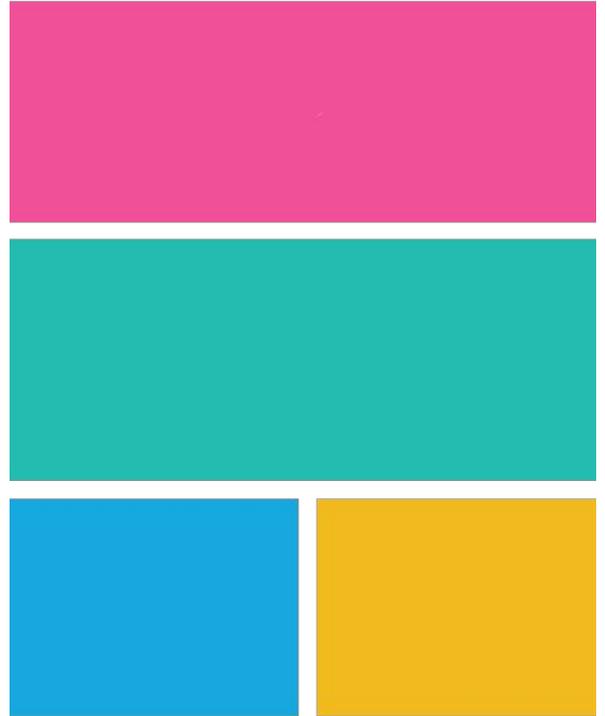


The BELK stack

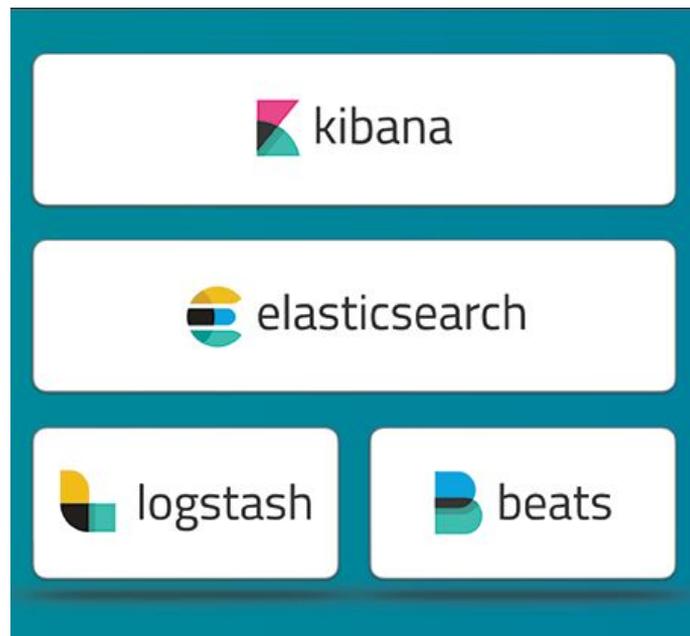
Beats **E**lasticsearch **L**ogstash **K**ibana



The elastic stack



The elastic stack



The stack's goal

- ❖ Take data from any source, any format,



The stack's goal

- ❖ Take data from any source, any format,
- ❖ process, transform and enrich it,



The stack's goal

- ❖ Take data from any source, any format,
- ❖ process, transform and enrich it,
- ❖ store it,



The stack's goal

- ❖ Take data from any source, any format,
- ❖ process, transform and enrich it,
- ❖ store it,
- ❖ so you can search, analyse and visualise it in real time.



The four components



Elasticsearch

- ❖ open source, full-text search analytic engine
- ❖ distributed, High Availability
- ❖ designed for horizontal scalability and reliability
- ❖ based on Apache Lucene (like Apache solr)
- ❖ written in Java



elasticsearch



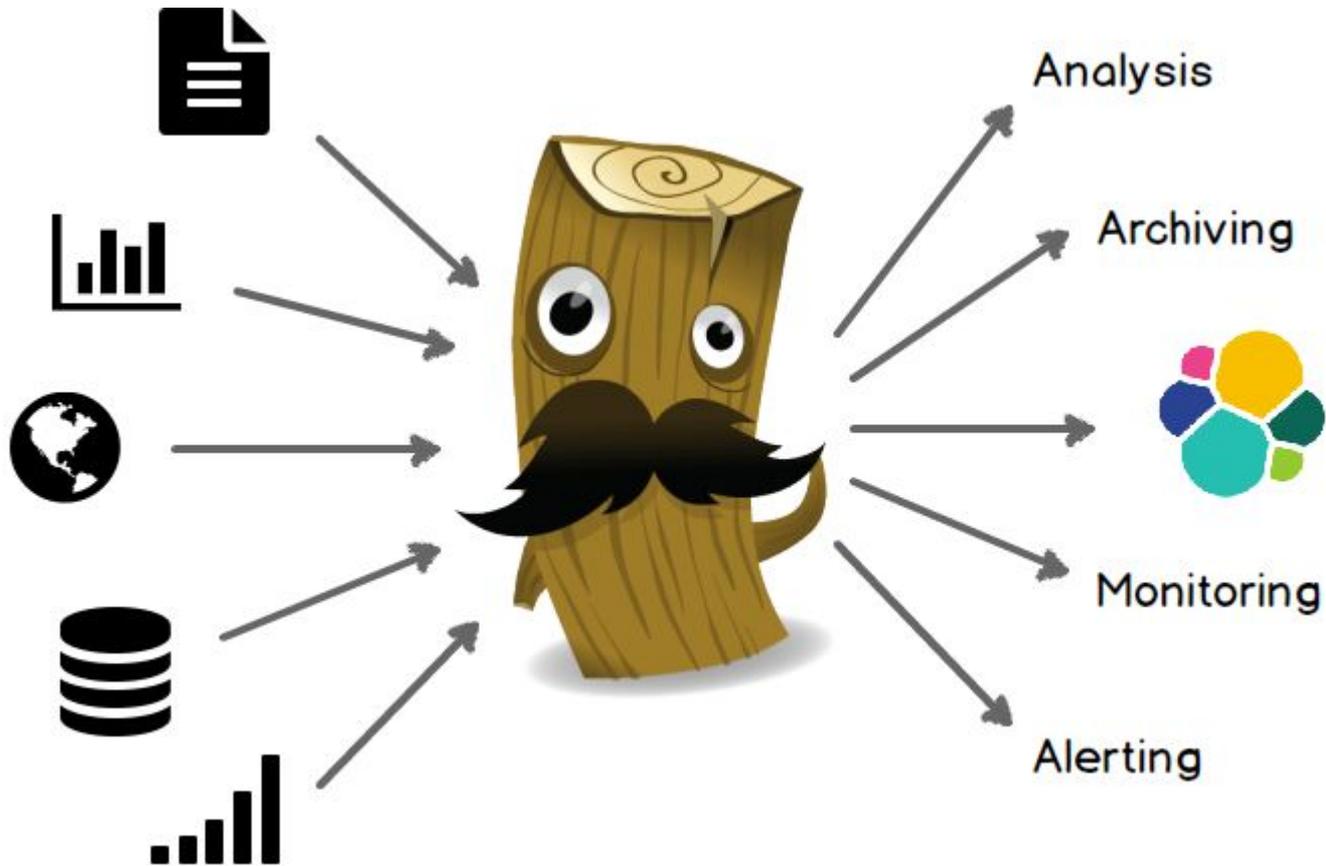
Logstash

- ❖ tool to collect, process, and forward events and log messages
- ❖ data collection, enrichment and transformation pipeline
- ❖ configurable input and output plugins
- ❖ e.g. logfile, MS windows eventlog, socket, Syslog, redis, salesforce, Drupal DBLog



logstash





Source: <https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/logstash/current/introduction.html>

Logstash

dozens of **input** plugins

- ❖ Beats
- ❖ **file**
- ❖ TCP, UDP, websocket
- ❖ syslog
- ❖ redis
- ❖ MS windows eventlog
- ❖ drupal_dblog



logstash



Logstash

dozens of **input** plugins

dozens of **output** plugins

- ❖ file
- ❖ TCP, UDP, websocket
- ❖ syslog
- ❖ redis, SQS
- ❖ graphite, influxdb
- ❖ nagios, zabbix
- ❖ jira, redmine
- ❖ s3
- ❖ **elasticsearch**



logstash



Logstash

dozens of **input** plugins

dozens of **output** plugins

dozens of **filter** plugins

- ❖ grok
- ❖ mutate
- ❖ drop
- ❖ date
- ❖ geoip



logstash



Kibana

- ❖ open source data visualisation platform
- ❖ allows to interact with data through powerful graphics
- ❖ brings data to life with visuals



kibana



Beats

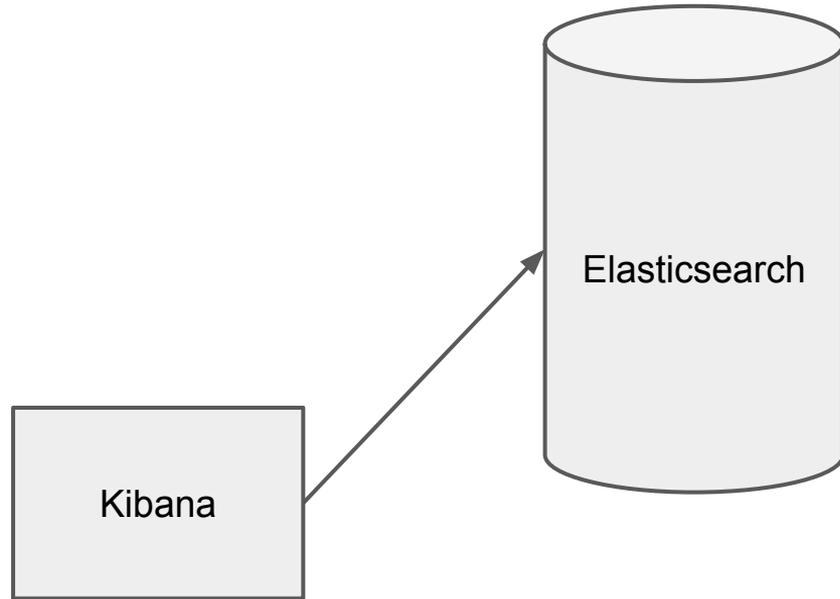
- ❖ Open source data shippers
- ❖ Lightweight
- ❖ e.g. network packets, log files



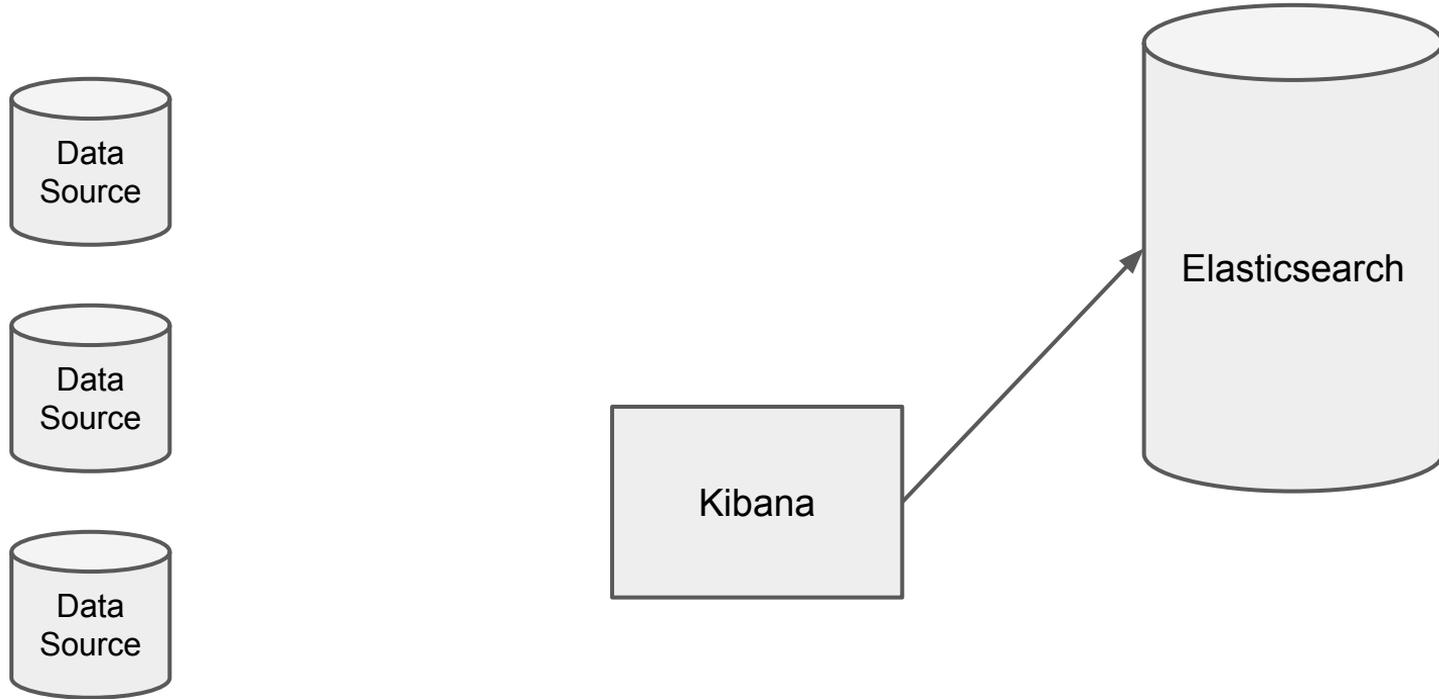
beats



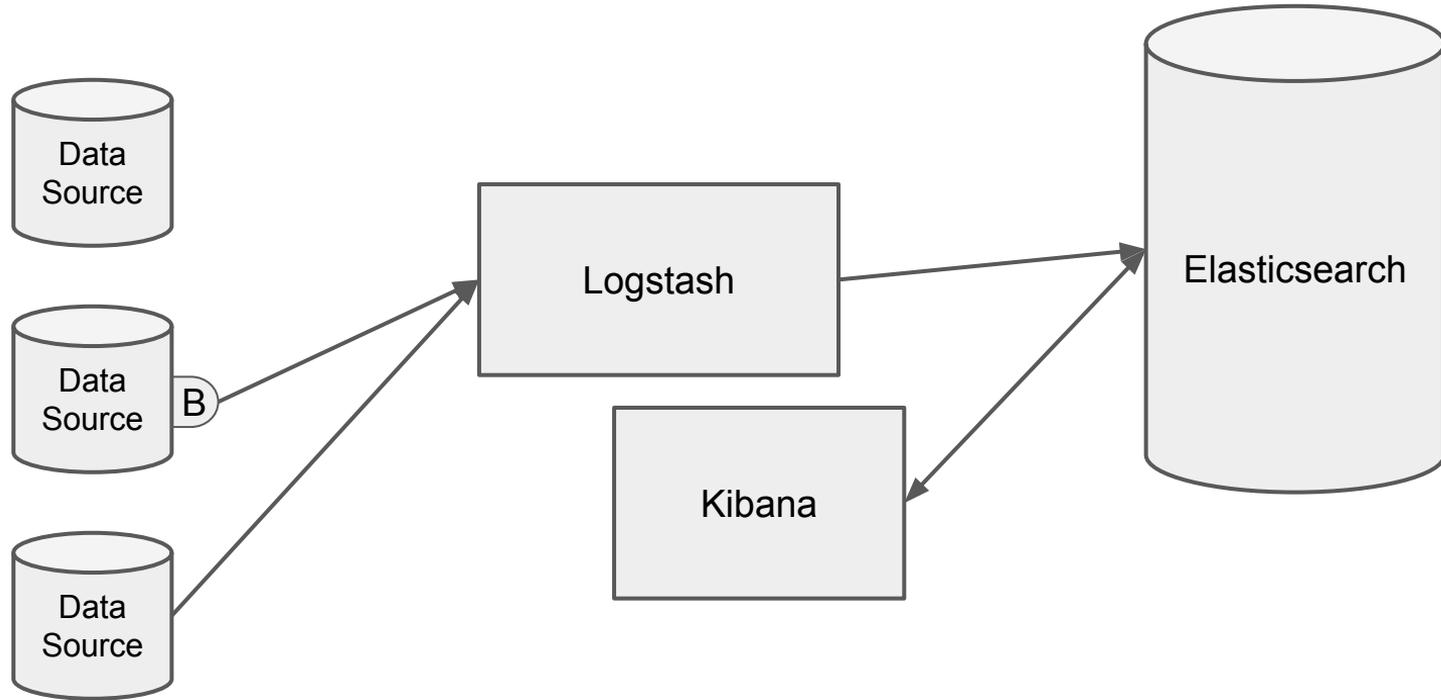
The BELK flow



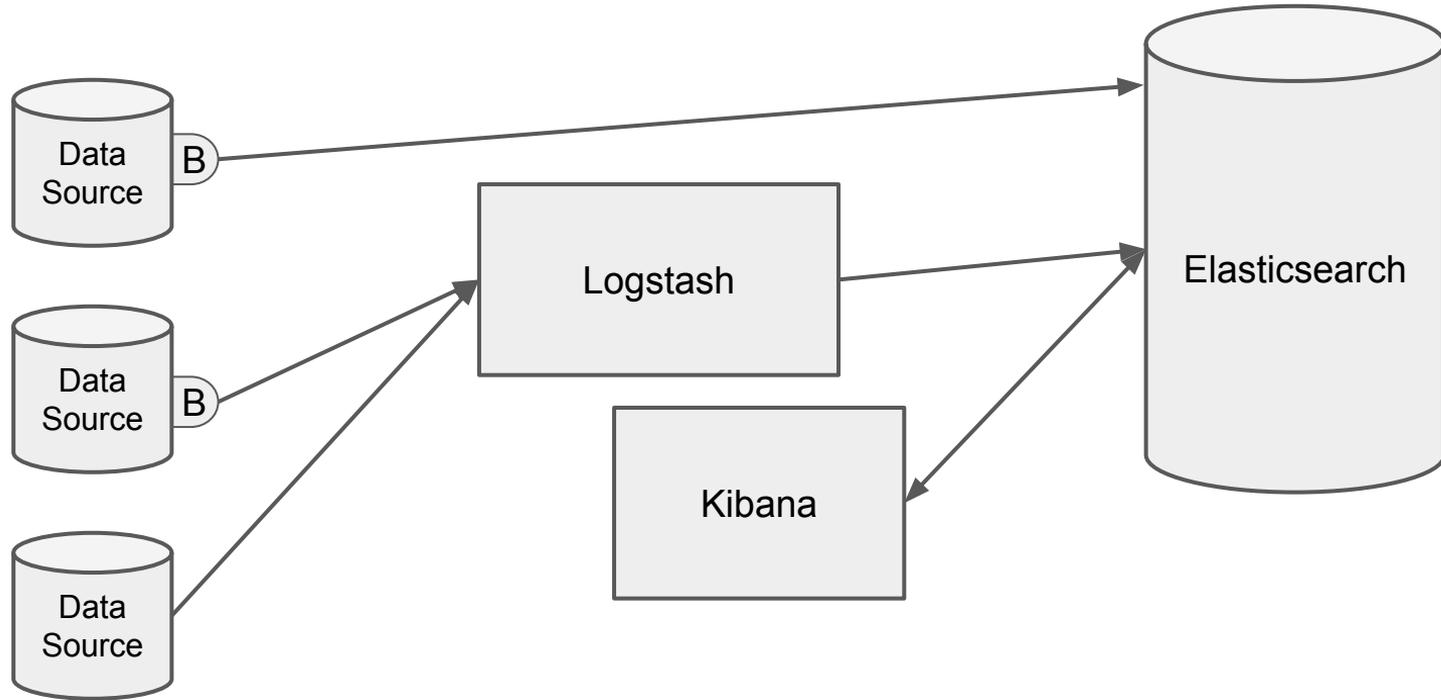
The BELK flow



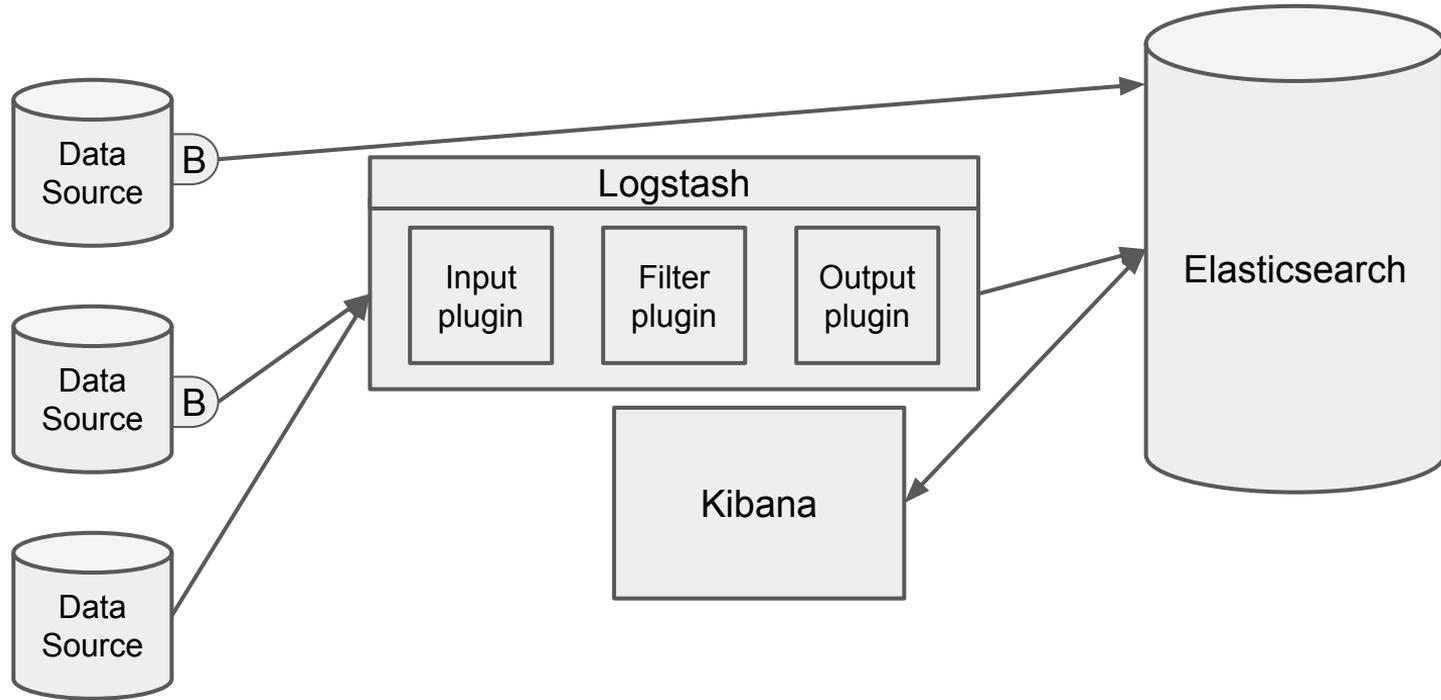
The BELK flow

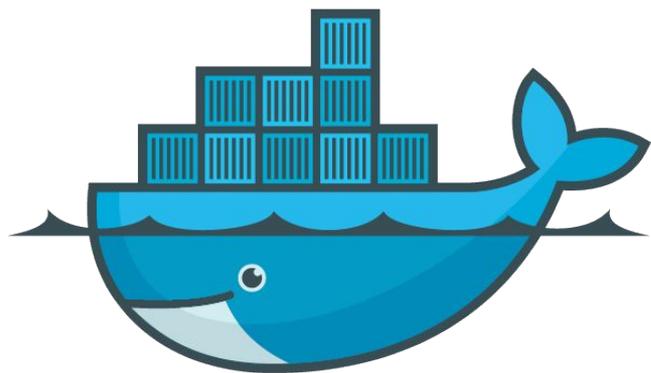


The BELK flow



The BELK flow



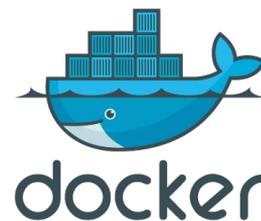


docker



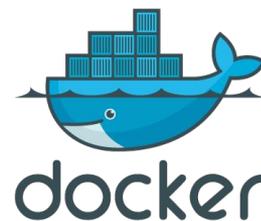
Docker

Docker is an open platform for developers and sysadmins to build, ship, and run distributed applications.



Docker

Docker is a tool that can package an application and its dependencies in a virtual container that can run on any Linux server.



Docker Logstash Hello World!

```
docker run -it --rm logstash:2.3 logstash -e '  
  input { stdin { } }  
  output { stdout { codec => rubydebug} }'
```

```
107.187.90.29 - - [05/Sep/2015:01:14:02 +0000] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 453 "-"  
"curl/7.21.0"
```



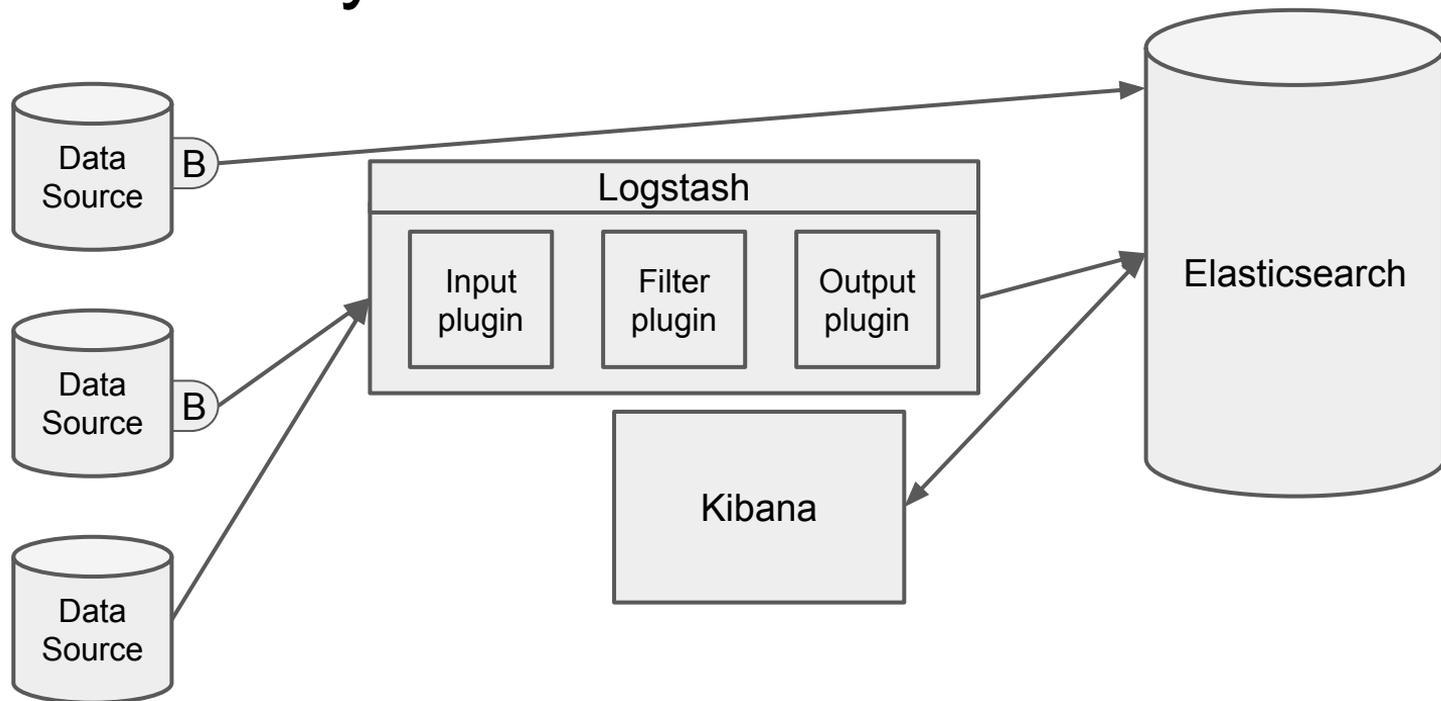
Docker Logstash Hello World, apache!

```
docker run -it --rm logstash:2.3 logstash -e '  
  input { stdin { } }  
  filter { grok { match => [ "message",  
    "%{COMBINEDAPACHELOG}"] }}  
  output { stdout { codec => rubydebug } }'
```

```
107.187.90.29 - - [05/Sep/2015:01:14:02 +0000] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 453 "-"  
"curl/7.21.0"
```



Now let's try this



Docker ELK

Let's run 3 docker images:

```
$ docker run --name myes -d elasticsearch:2.3
```

```
$ docker run --name mykibana --link myes:elasticsearch  
-p 5601:5601 -d kibana:4.5
```

```
$ docker run --rm --link myes:elasticsearch  
-v ${PWD}/config-dir:/config-dir  
-v ${PWD}/source:/source  
logstash:2.3 logstash -f /config-dir
```



Is it going to work this time? :)

Local demo



What we have just seen

(In case it worked :)

- ❖ **Logstash** input reading lines from apache logfile



What we have just seen

(In case it worked :)

- ❖ **Logstash** input reading lines from apache logfile
- ❖ **Logstash** filter matching them with `COMBINEDAPACHELOG` pattern



What we have just seen

(In case it worked :)

- ❖ **Logstash** input reading lines from apache logfile
- ❖ **Logstash** filter matching them with `COMBINEDAPACHELOG` pattern
- ❖ **Logstash** output storing parsed lines to **Elasticsearch**



What we have just seen

(In case it worked :)

- ❖ **Logstash** input reading lines from apache logfile
- ❖ **Logstash** filter matching them with `COMBINEDAPACHELOG` pattern
- ❖ **Logstash** output storing parsed lines to **Elasticsearch**

- ❖ **Kibana** querying the data from **Elasticsearch**,
visualising them



Logstash

dozens of **input** plugins

dozens of **output** plugins

```
input {  
  file {  
    path => "/source/access.log"  
    type => "apache"  
    start_position => "beginning"  
  }  
}  
  
output {  
  elasticsearch {  
    hosts => ["myes"]  
  }  
  stdout { codec => rubydebug }  
}
```



Logstash

dozens of **input** plugins

dozens of **output** plugins

dozens of **filter** plugins

```
filter {  
  if [type] == "apache" {  
    grok {  
      match => [  
        "message", "%{COMBINEDAPACHELOG}"  
      ]  
    }  
  }  
}
```



Logstash

dozens of **input** plugins

dozens of **output** plugins

dozens of **filter** plugins

```
filter {
  if [type] == "apache" {
    grok {
      match => [
        "message", "%{COMBINEDAPACHELOG}"
      ]
    }
    geoip { source => "clientip" }
  }
}
```



Logstash

dozens of **input** plugins

dozens of **output** plugins

dozens of **filter** plugins

```
filter {
  if [type] == "apache" {
    grok {
      match => [
        "message", "%{COMBINEDAPACHELOG}"
      ]
    }
    geoip { source => "clientip" }
    date {
      locale => "en"
      match => [ "timestamp",
        "dd/MMM/yyyy:HH:mm:ss Z" ]
    }
  }
}
```



Logstash grok filter

```
filter { grok { match => [ "message", "%{COMBINEDAPACHELOG}"] }}
```

There are many pre-defined grok patterns, e.g.

- ❖ GREEDYDATA .*
- ❖ USERNAME [a-zA-Z0-9._-]+
- ❖ POSINT \b(?:[1-9][0-9]*)\b
- ❖ COMMONAPACHELOG, COMBINEDAPACHELOG
- ❖ SYSLOGBASE



Logstash grok filter

```
COMMONAPACHELOG %{IPORHOST:clientip} %{USER:ident} %{USER:auth}  
\[%{HTTPDATE:timestamp}\] "(?:%{WORD:verb} %{NOTSPACE:request}  
(?: HTTP/%{NUMBER:httpversion})?|%{DATA:rawrequest})" %{NUMBER:  
response} (?:%{NUMBER:bytes}|-)
```

```
COMBINEDAPACHELOG %{COMMONAPACHELOG} %{QS:referrer} %{QS:agent}
```

```
127.0.0.1 - - [05/Sep/2015:01:10:04 +0000] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200  
490 "-" "Wget/1.13.4 (linux-gnu)"
```



Where are we at?

- ❖ We have described the elastic stack components



Where are we at?

- ❖ We have described the elastic stack components
- ❖ We have run a local instance of the stack



Where are we at?

- ❖ We have described the elastic stack components
- ❖ We have run a local instance of the stack
- ❖ We processed, stored and analysed apache log file.



Where are we at?

- ❖ We have described the elastic stack components
- ❖ We have run a local instance of the stack
- ❖ We processed, stored and analysed apache log file.
- ❖ Each of you could do the same (you need just two things: docker and a log file)



belk.site-showcase.com

Pick your poison



Centralised logging



Centralised logging

Get logs to one (secure) place

It is not a new thing: Rsyslog / syslog-ng

The more servers you have, the more important it is

A must have for clusters with auto scaling



Centralised logging

There are many options

- ❖ Graylog
- ❖ Splunk
- ❖ Elastic stack



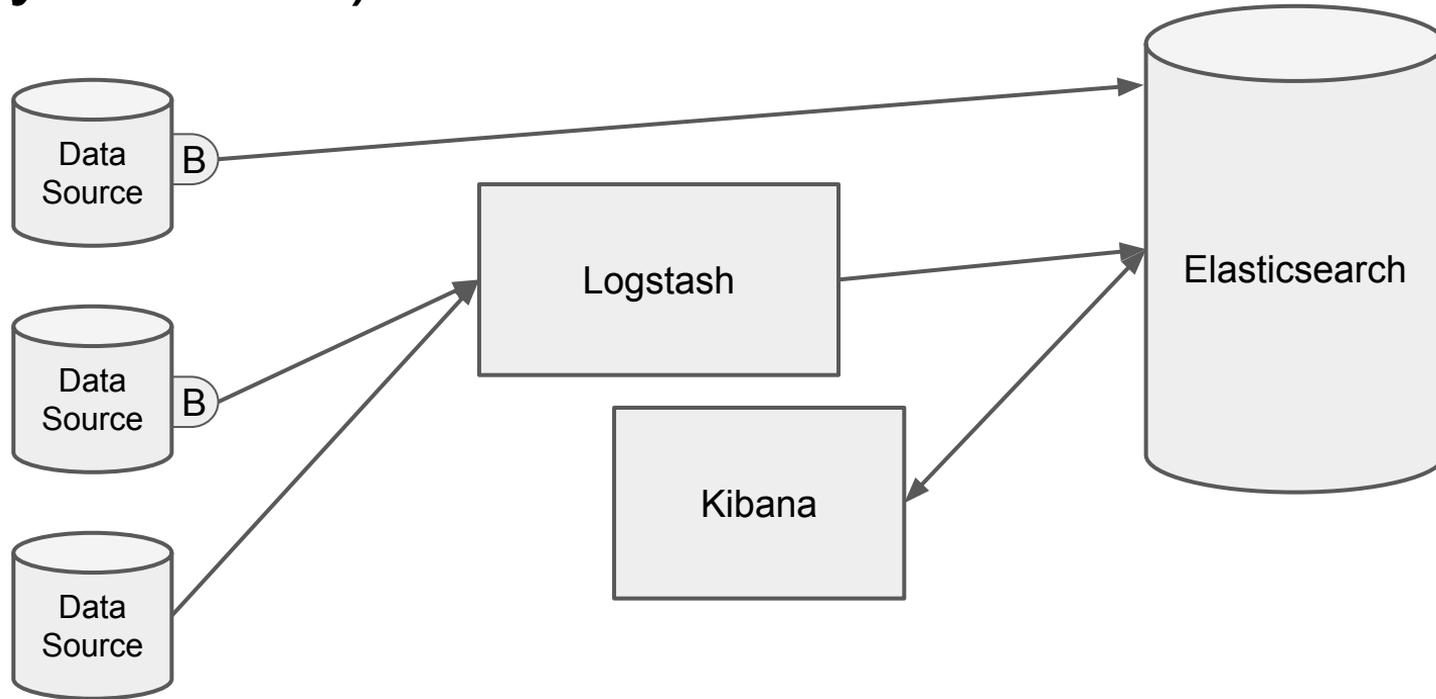
Centralised logging

There are many SaaS options

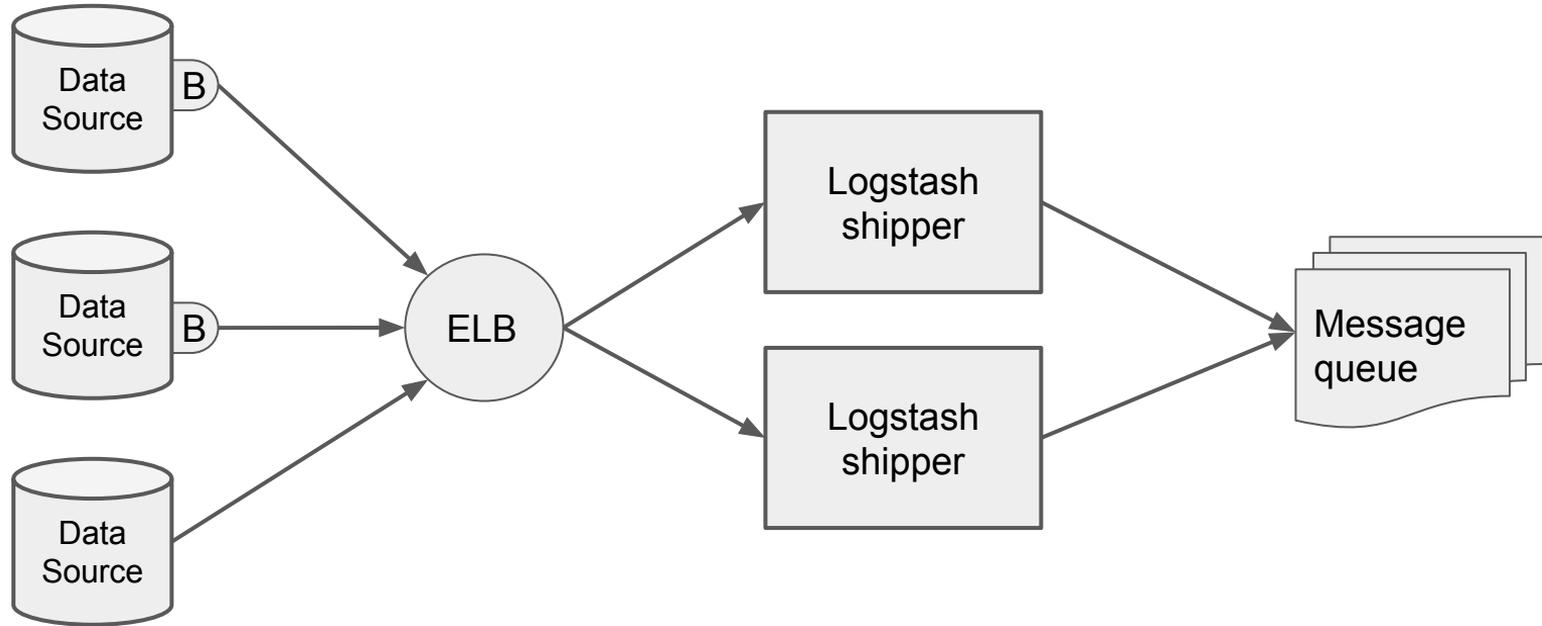
- ❖ Datadog
- ❖ Loggly
- ❖ New Relic
- ❖ Sumo Logic
- ❖ Splunk
- ❖ Elastic Cloud



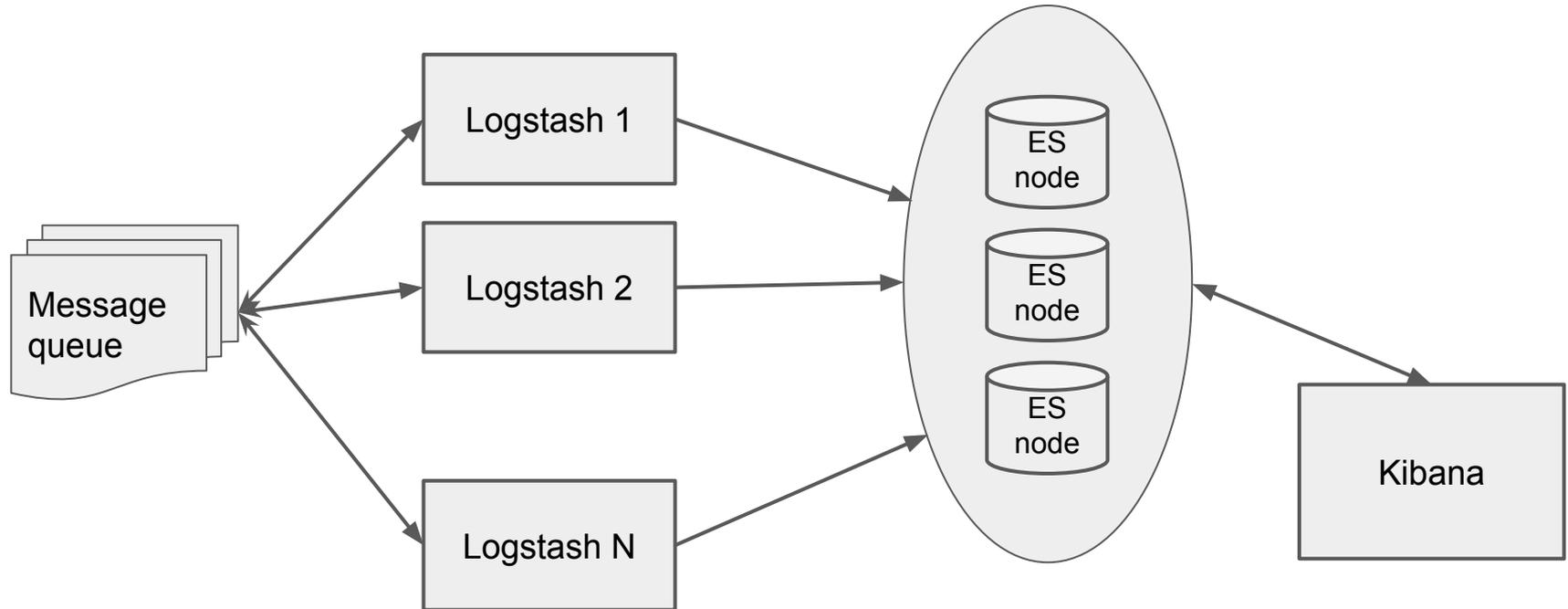
My choice :)



High Available detour (1 of 2)



High Available detour (2 of 2)



Central ELK server demo

Similar ELK setup we tried locally, this time on a US hosted Linode.



Central ELK server demo

Similar ELK setup we tried locally, this time on a US hosted Linode.

Receiving logs from several sources:

- ❖ Japan based Linode LEMP via beats
- ❖ Germany based Linode LAMP via beats
- ❖ Australia based AWS instance via beats
- ❖ Australia based Acquia subscriptions



Central ELK server demo

If it works, we will have a look at:

- ❖ Drupal / watchdog logs
- ❖ Varnish logs
- ❖ Server metrics dashboard (teaser)
- ❖ and ...



Server logs using beats

Install **filebeat** package on the server with the logs.

Configure

`/etc/filebeat/filebeat.yml`

```
filebeat:
  prospectors:
    -
      paths:
        - /var/log/apache/access.log
        - /var/log/nginx/access.log
        - /var/log/drupal.log

  output:
    logstash:
      hosts: ["logstash.example.com:9876"]
```



Drupal logs

- ❖ Drupal syslog module, then get syslog log to ELK

```
create e.g. /etc/rsyslog.d/60-drupal.conf:  
local0.* /var/log/drupal.log
```



Drupal logs

- ❖ Drupal syslog module, then get syslog log to ELK
- ❖ Logstash drupal_dblog input plugin (for dev)

```
input {
  drupal_dblog {
    databases =>
      ["site1", "mysql://usr:pass@host/db"]
    interval => "1"
  }
}
```



Acquia subscription logs

- ❖ Logstream gem
- ❖ wrapped in a docker container
- ❖ saving received logs to a local file

```
SUBS=test
```

```
logstream tail devcloud:${SUBS}  
  prod --no-color >> /opt/logs/${SUBS}.log
```



searching for the belk clicks

demo



Wrapping up

- ❖ We set up a local ELK stack.



Wrapping up

- ❖ We set up a local ELK stack.
- ❖ Processed an apache logfile, stored it.



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- ❖ We set up a local ELK stack.
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- ❖ Hopefully it was very easy.



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- ❖ We set up a local ELK stack.
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- ❖ Hopefully it was very easy.
- ❖ We examined the stored data, visualised it.



Wrapping up

- ❖ We set up a local ELK stack.
- ❖ Processed an apache logfile, stored it.
- ❖ Hopefully it was very easy.
- ❖ We examined the stored data, visualised it.

- ❖ We looked at a central logging solution, receiving logs from different sources.



Links

Main docs area for the ELK stack:

<https://www.elastic.co/guide/index.html>

The logstash book from James Turnbull

<http://www.logstashbook.com/>

Follow up blog post:

<http://morpht.com/posts/drupal-and-logstash>



Links

Docker

<https://www.docker.com/>

Official Docker images:

- ❖ https://hub.docker.com/_/logstash/
- ❖ https://hub.docker.com/_/elasticsearch/
- ❖ https://hub.docker.com/_/kibana/



Questions?

Thank you!

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So How Was It? - Tell Us What You Think

Evaluate this session - <https://events.drupal.org/node/10096>



Thanks!