



CLOUDFLARE

DDOS: DDo's and DDon'ts

DrupalCon 2016

Agenda

- What is DDoS
- Detecting DDoS Attacks
- DDoS Prevention
- Improving Performance
- Questions

Glossary

- **DDoS** - Attempt to make a server or network resource unavailable to Internet users
- **WAF** - Web Application Firewall, filter that applies a set of rules to an HTTP conversation
- **DNS** - Domain name system answers queries with IPs
- **OSI** - Open System Interconnection Model
 - **Layer 3 & 4** - Network and Transport layers (IPv4 & IPv6, TCP, UDP)
 - **Layer 7** - Application layer (Chrome, Firefox)
- **CDN** - system of distributed servers that deliver content to a user based on the location of the user, the origin of the webpage and a content delivery server



Ransom Notes

SEND BITCOIN

CULTURI

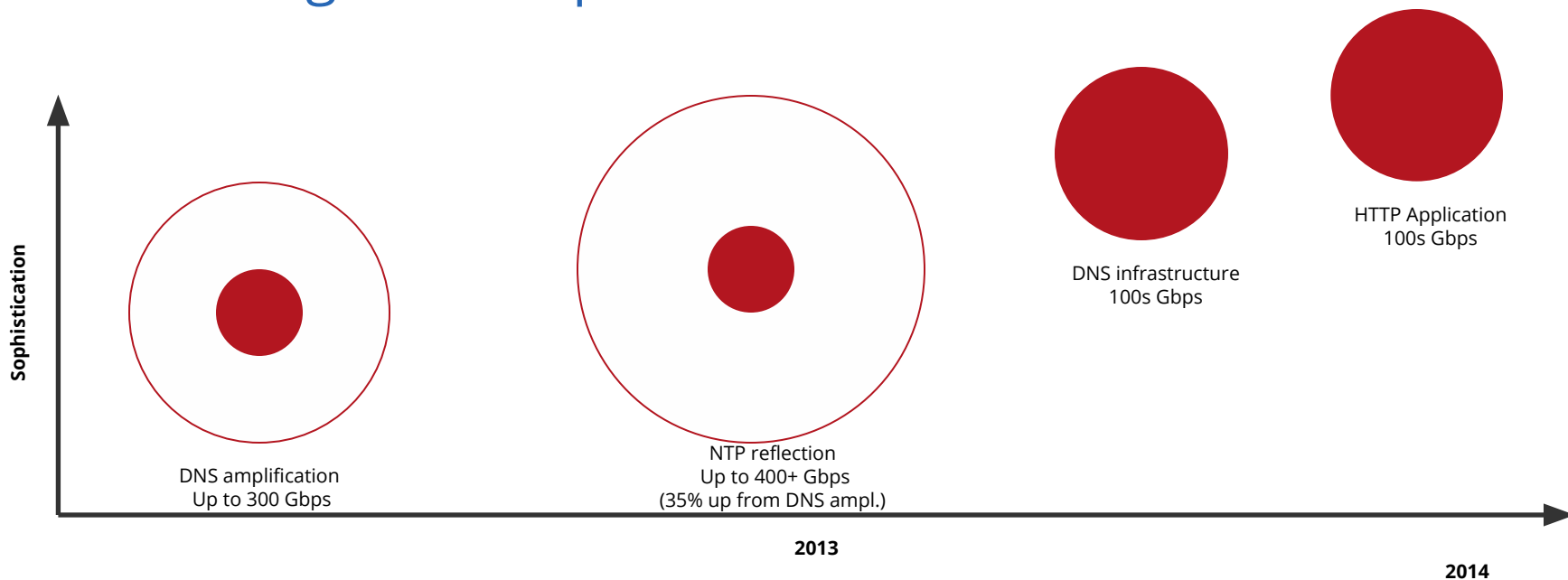
& AWAIT FURTHER

INSTRUCTIONS



History of DDoS

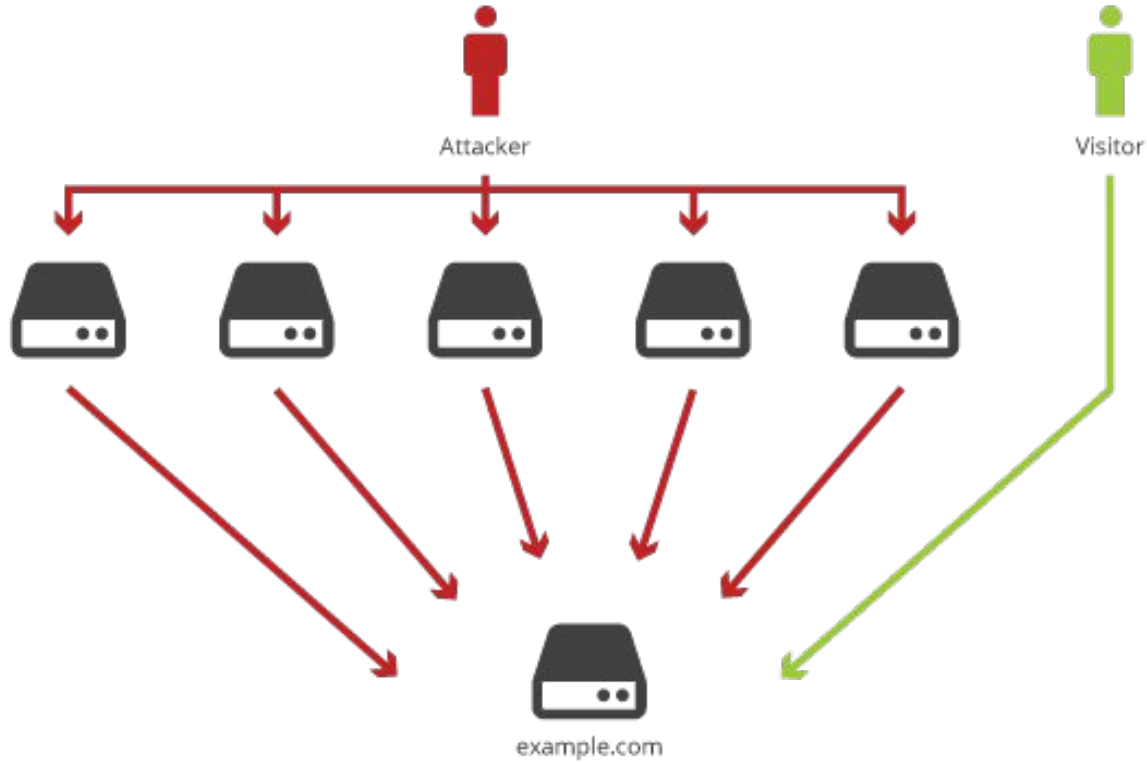
The Evolving Landscape of DDoS Attacks



ATTACK TYPE	TREND
• Volumetric Layer 3 / 4	↓
• DNS Infrastructure	↑
• HTTPS application	↑
• Origin: 100s of countries	↑

More sophisticated DDoS mitigation and larger surface area to block volumetric attacks has forced hackers to change tactics. New DNS infrastructure and HTTP layer 7 attack signatures that mimic human-like behavior are increasing in frequency.

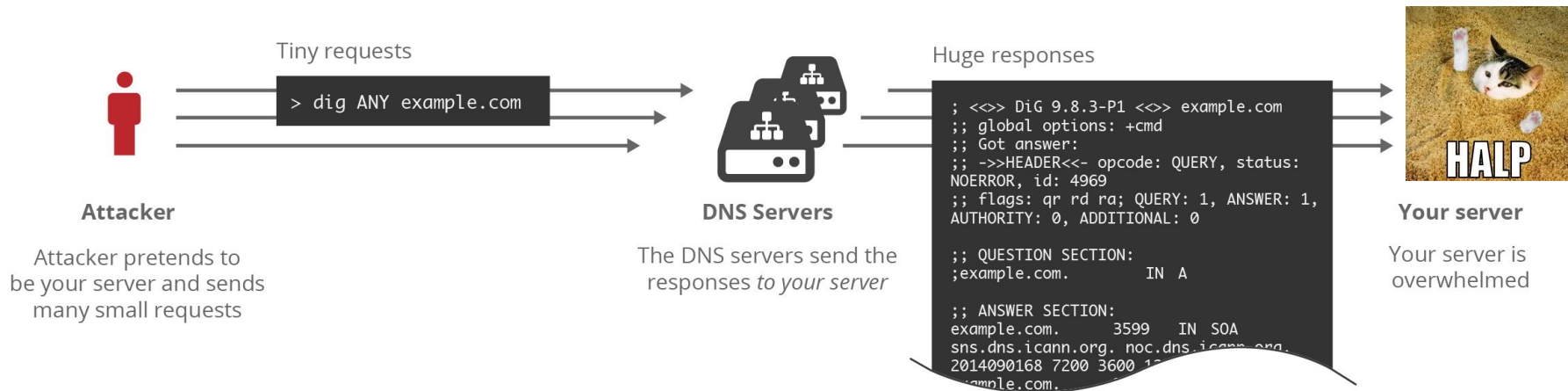
Layer 3 / 4 Attacks



DNS / NTP Amplification attack

UNPROTECTED

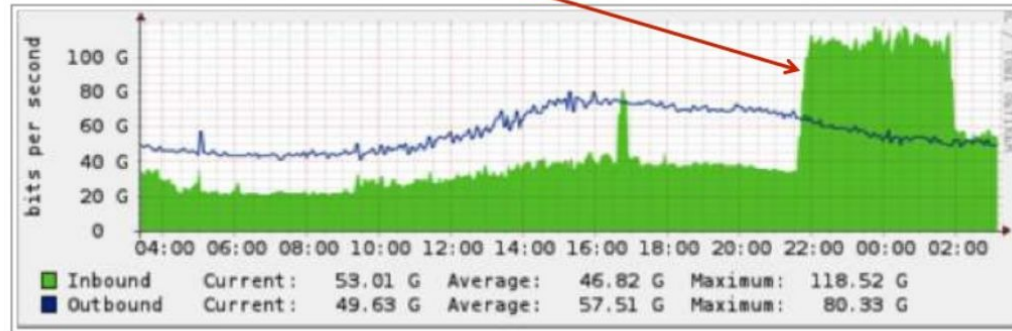
Attackers pretending to be your server make tiny requests to thousands of DNS or NTP servers. Those servers return huge responses to your server, knocking it offline.



DNS amplification attacks in action

Wednesday, March 20th

“Instant on”



~75Gbps attack

DNS amplification attacks in action

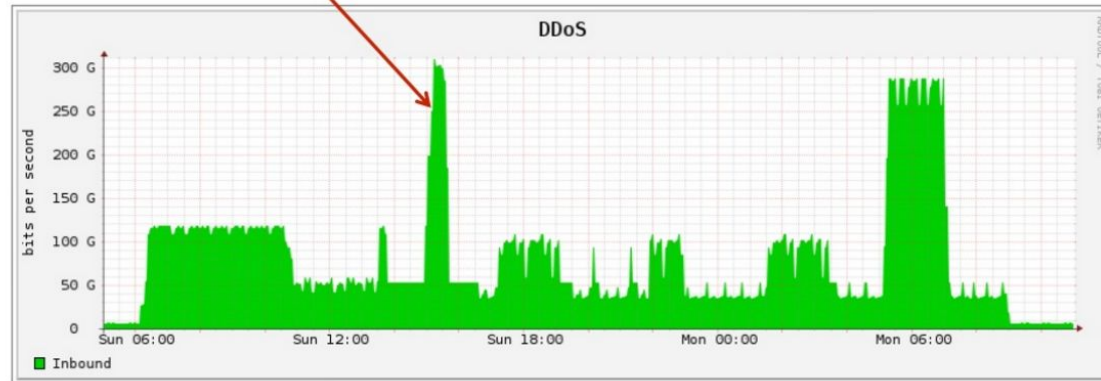
3 days later...



DNS amplification attacks in action

Sunday, March 24th thru 25th

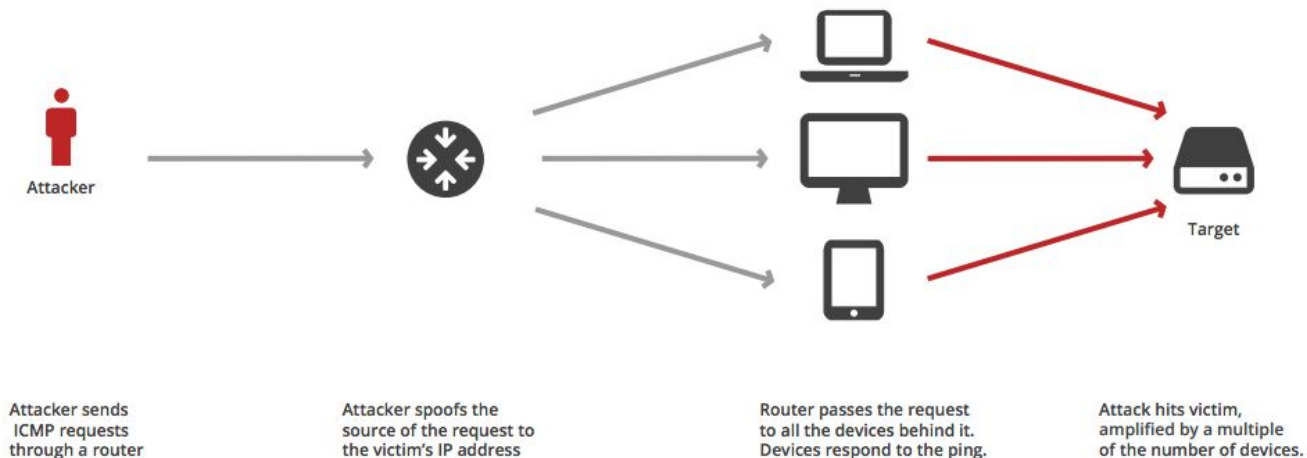
“Instant on”



Peaks of the attack reached 309Gbps

SMURF attacks

Smurf attack

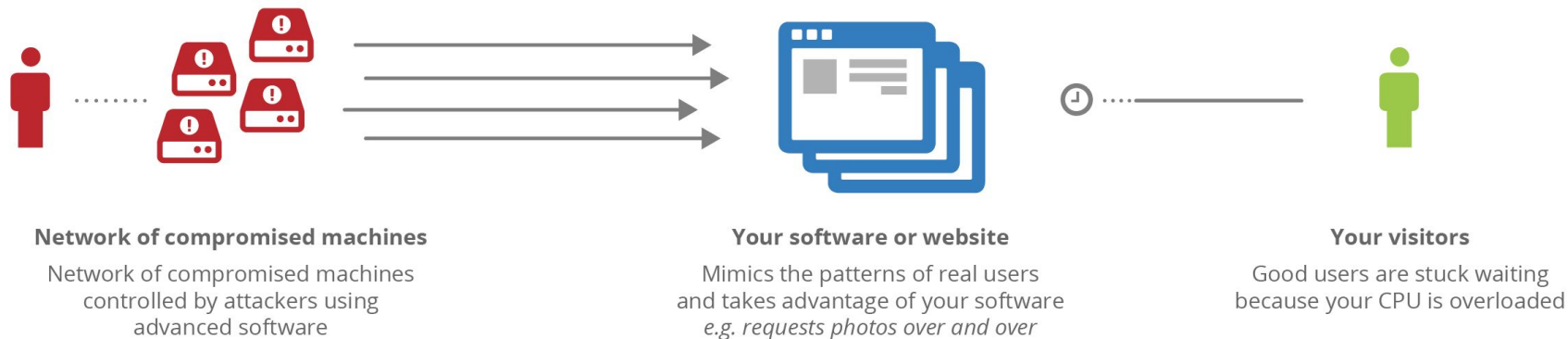


SMURF attacks are largely a thing of the past. For the most part, network operators have configured their routers to disable the relay of ICMP requests sent to a network's broadcast address.

Layer 7 attacks

UNPROTECTED

Attackers use millions of compromised machines to launch a sophisticated attack that mimics real users and overloads the slow points in your web property.



Layer 7: Drupalgeddon / SQL Injection

User login

Username *

admin

Password *

This input is sanitized

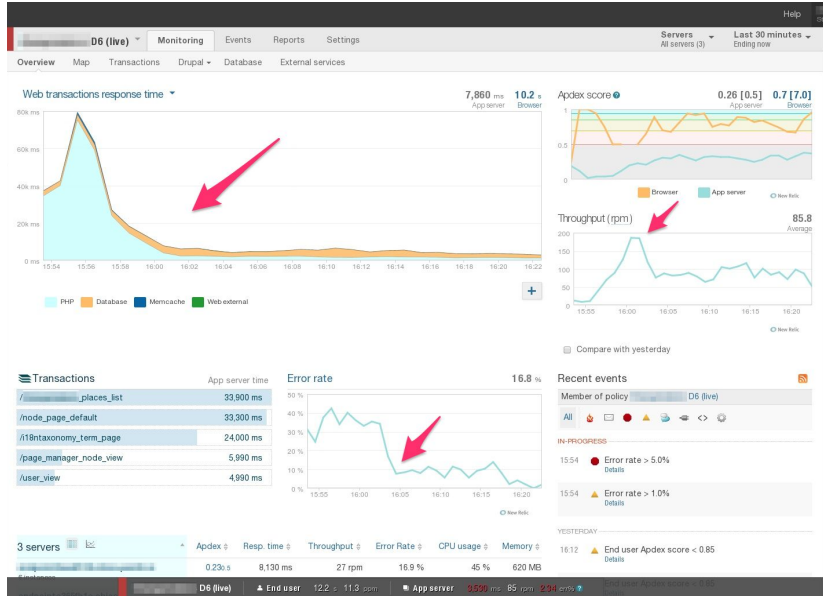
Network Sources Timeline Profiles Resources Audits Console

```
<div class="region region-sidebar-first">
  <div id="block-user-login" class="block block-user">
    <h2>User login</h2>
    <div class="content">
      <form action="/node?destination=node" method="post" id="user-login-form" accept-charset="UTF-8">
        <div>
          <div class="form-item form-type-textfield form-item-name">
            <label for="edit-name">...</label>
            <input type="text" id="edit-name" name="name" value="admin" size="15" maxlength="60" class="form-text required">
          </div>
          <div class="form-item form-type-password form-item-pass">...</div>
          <div class="item-list">...</div>
          <input type="hidden" name="form_build_id" value="form-ETxAhmb2L_XEuTVtLBLTKa-2pMAUdwIUutb5GzeALig">
          <input type="hidden" name="form_id" value="user_login_block">
          <div class="form-actions">...</div>
        </div>
      </form>
    </div>
  </div>
</div>
```

This input is not sanitized

Detecting DDoS Attacks

What an attack looks like...



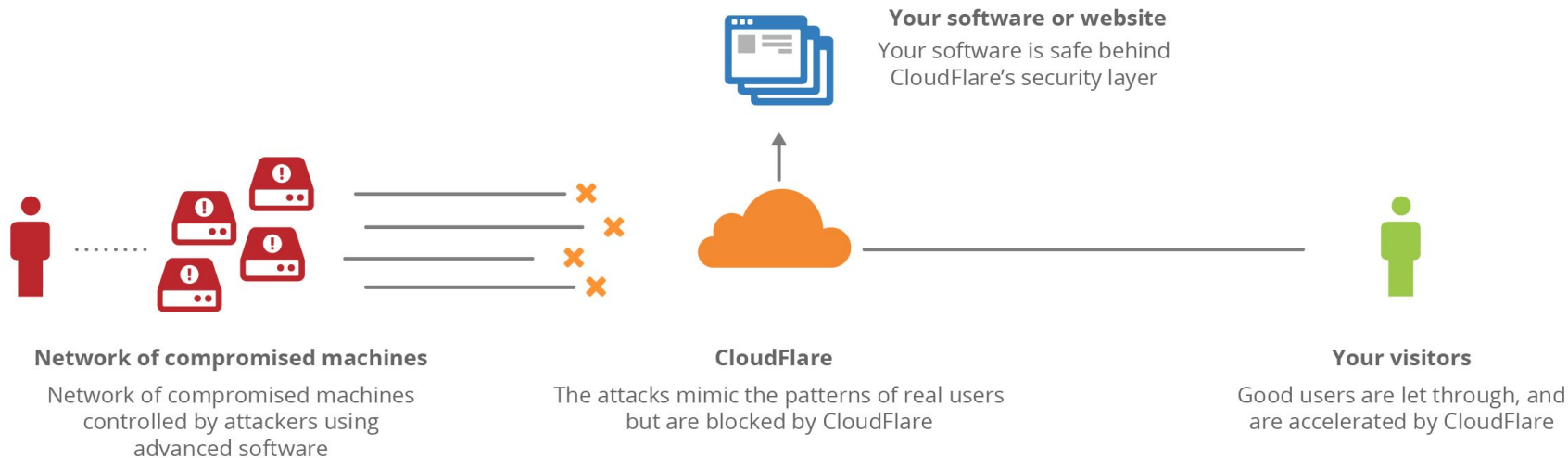
Id	Date	Severity	Type	Message
3161818	16/Jun 16:45	notice	spambot	Blocked registration: email=supplyweqz@gmail.com,ip=120.43.21.95
3161817	16/Jun 16:45	notice	user	Login attempt failed for JulianHut.
3161794	16/Jun 16:44	notice	user	Login attempt failed for Julianml.

DDoS Prevention

Common Spam Traffic Defense Methods

- CAPTCHA - Completely Automated Public Turing test to tell Computers and Humans Apart
- Timegate (Time Difference)
- Honeypot
- Content analysis
- Visitor reputation

WAF: Web Application Firewall



CloudFlare Drupal WAF Rules

D0000 - Block Large Requests to xmlrpc.php for Drupal CMS

D0002 - Block requests with odd array arguments

D0001 - Block Requests to xmlrpc.php for Drupal CMS

URIs:

/xmlrpc.php -- most common

?q=node&destination=node

/blog/xmlrpc.php

/user/login/

HTTP Method:

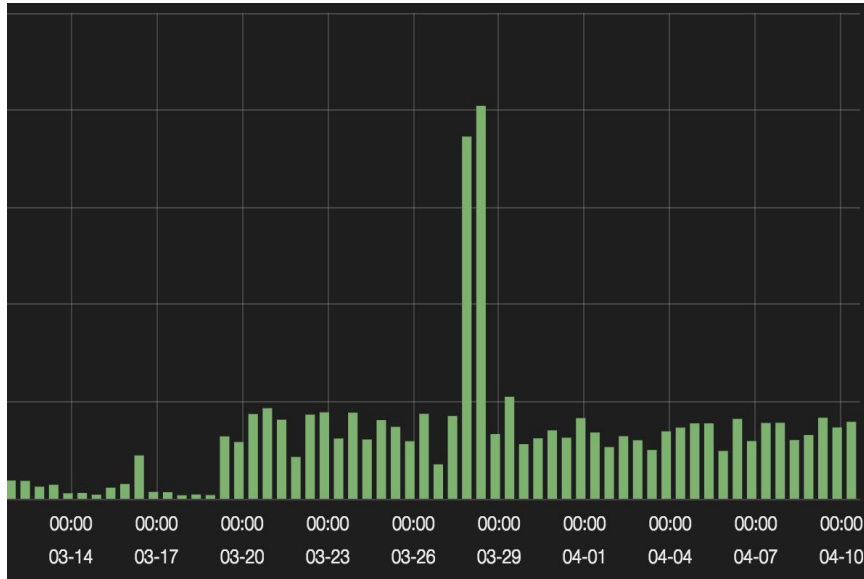
POST -- most common

GET

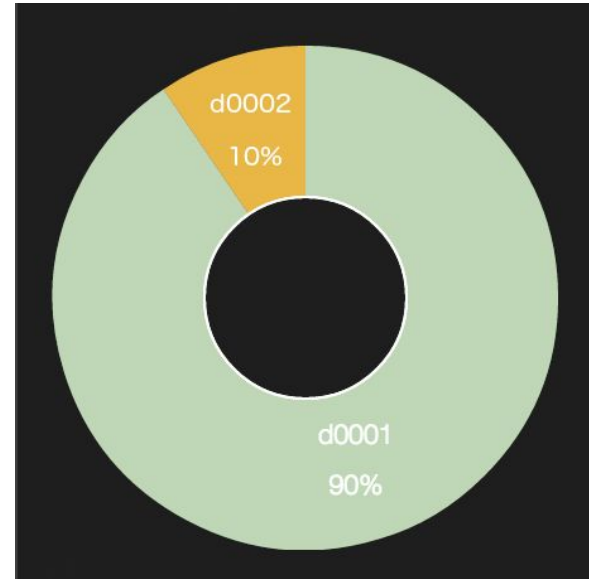


CloudFlare Drupal WAF Triggers

Frequency of Triggers over 30 Days



Percentage of trigger by WAF Rule



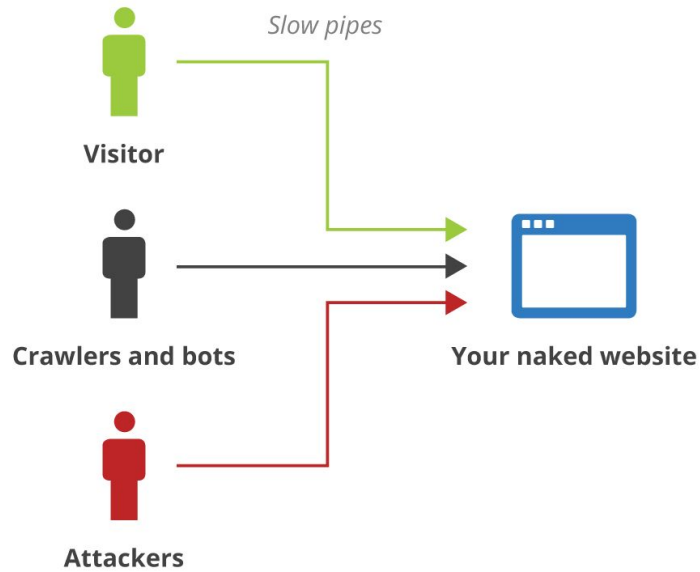
Improving Performance: CDN

CDN

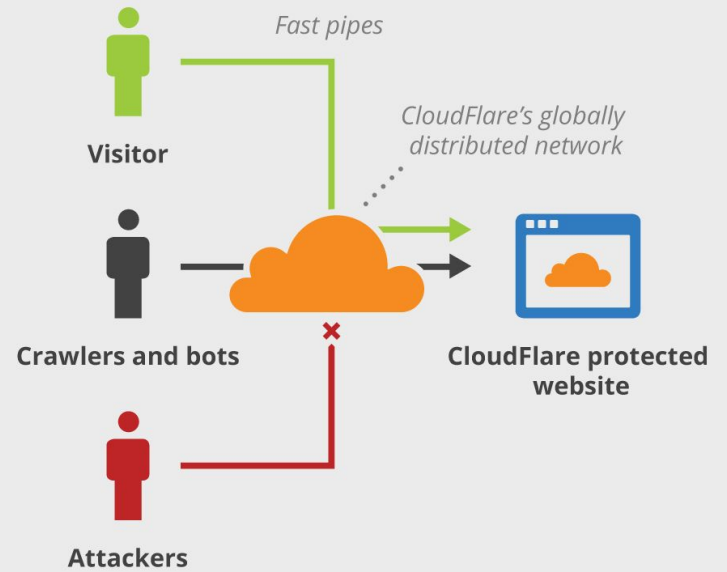


CDN

Without CloudFlare



With CloudFlare

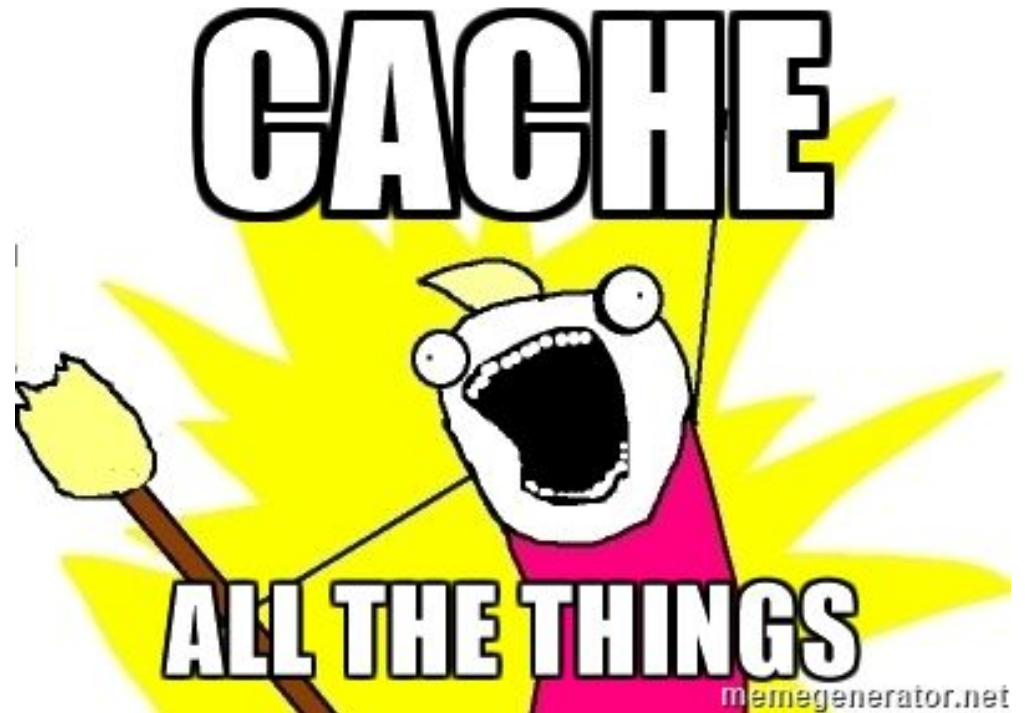


CDN: Anycast network

- **Global:** 28 data centers in over 15 countries
- **Secure:** built into every layer and every protocol
- **Robust:** every node can perform any task. Anycast HTTP routing
- **Reliable:** built-in redundancy, load balancing, and high-availability



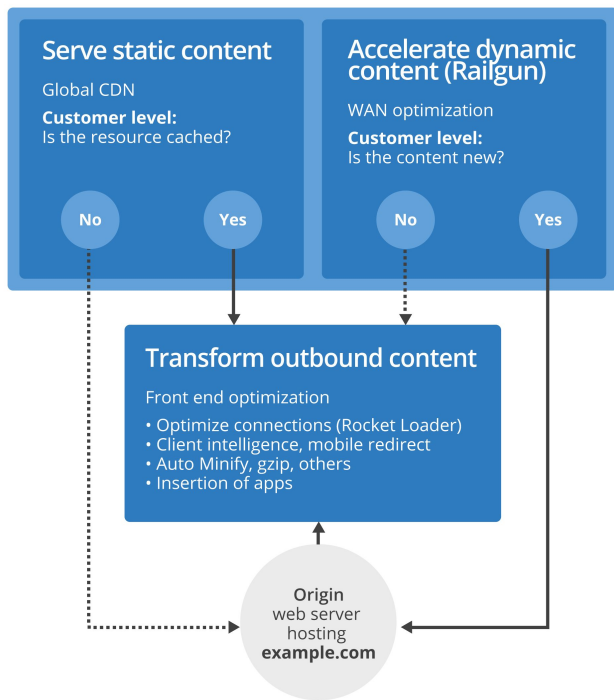
CDN: Caching



Page Rules for Drupal

10	store.issues4.us/setup* Browser Cache TTL: 4 hours, Mirage: Off, Cache Level: Bypass, Disable Performance	On	↔	⚙	✕
11	store.issues4.us/admin* Browser Cache TTL: 4 hours, Mirage: Off, Cache Level: Bypass, Disable Performance	On	↔	⚙	✕
12	store.issues4.us/checkout* Browser Cache TTL: 4 hours, Mirage: Off, Cache Level: Bypass, Disable Performance	On	↔	⚙	✕
13	store.issues4.us/static/adminhtml/* Browser Cache TTL: 4 hours, Mirage: Off, Cache Level: Standard, Bypass Cache on Cookie: admin, Disable Performance	On	↔	⚙	✕
14	store.issues4.us/static/frontend/* Browser Cache TTL: 4 hours, Mirage: Off, Cache Level: Cache Everything, Disable Performance	On	↔	⚙	✕
15	store.issues4.us/static/* Browser Cache TTL: 4 hours, Cache Level: Cache Everything, Bypass Cache on Cookie: NO_CACHE admin, Disable Performance	On	↔	⚙	✕
16	store.issues4.us/media/* Browser Cache TTL: 4 hours, Cache Level: Cache Everything, Disable Performance	On	↔	⚙	✕
17	store.issues4.us/* Browser Cache TTL: 4 hours, Cache Level: Cache Everything, Bypass Cache on Cookie: NO_CACHE admin, Disable Performance	On	↔	⚙	✕

CDN Performance boost



- **Improve Performance:** CloudFlare caches static content by default (JS, CSS, images). Custom caching options
- **Accelerate Dynamic Content (Railgun™):** WAN optimization tool to compress and accelerate dynamic pages. Up to 99.6% compression ratio & 7.3x performance gain
- **Edge Side Code:** deploy powerful logic that alters HTTP requests and responses on the fly, without added latency
- **Front End Optimization:** auto-minify, image optimization, JS bundling
- **Client Intelligence:** optimization for network and device type

