









Women in the Tech Workplace

DrupalCon NASHVILLE2018 **APRIL 9-13**







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Hedy

Ada









Women aren't new to the tech world.



We have always been here.



So why are we still struggling to fit in and succeed in the tech workplace?





Once Upon a Time ...

- Computing was women's work!
- Programming was seen as similar to running a telephone switchboard.
- In the first half of the 20th century, "programmer" had a negative connotation - computers involved a lot of manual labor.

Chang, Emily. Brotopia. Penguin, 2018.





What Happened?

- The industry exploded, and by the 1960s, there were more jobs than programmers to fill them.
- Two male psychologists, William Cannon and Dallis Perry, were hired to find recruits who would enjoy programming.
- They profiled 1,378 programmers and only 186 women.

Chang, Emily. Brotopia. Penguin, 2018.





What Happened?

- They came to two conclusions:
- The first was that people who liked programming enjoyed solving puzzles.
- The second, and problematic, conclusion: that satisfied programmers "don't like people."
- This personality test became widespread and created the stereotype we still have today - which excludes women.

Chang, Emily. Brotopia. Penguin, 2018.





What Happened To Women In Computer Science?

% Of Women Majors, By Field



Source: National Science Foundation, American Bar Association, American Association of Medical Colleges Credit: Quoctrung Bui/NPR

Women CS Grads Over Time

This graph from NPR shows a peak around 1984 and a steep decline.





The Pipeline

"There aren't enough women in tech"

"There aren't enough women graduating"

"There aren't enough women applying."





The Pipeline

- Women need to see other women in tech careers to want to sign up!
- It's not enough to get girls into computer science and coding classes.
- There need to be successful, visible, female role models in tech.





The Pipeline

- In 2015, Intel set a goal that 40 percent of all new hires would be women or underrepresented minorities.
- They got 43.1%.

Intel Chief Executive Brian Krzanich: as a failure there."

"If the pipeline was such a big problem, I would have come back





The Leaky Bucket

- Getting more women into tech is pointless if there is no effort to retain them.
- Don't make assumptions as to why women leave!





The Leaky Bucket - Why Do Women Leave? Pay - women are actually more likely than men to leave because of

pay

Bias

Christie Hunter Arscott. "Why So Many Thirtysomething Women Are Leaving Your Company." Harvard Business Review. 15 March 2016.





The Leaky Bucket - Why DON'T Women Leave?

- Motherhood!
- Companies assume women of childbearing age are leaving because they are having children, but it's just not the case.
- Most women who leave their job are staying in the workforce.

Christie Hunter Arscott. "Why So Many Thirtysomething Women Are Leaving Your Company." Harvard Business Review. 15 March 2016.





The Leaky Bucket - Retention

- Don't focus all retention strategies on motherhood.
- Differences between men & women's reasons for leaving are overstated.
- Don't assume! Develop data-driven strategies.

Christie Hunter Arscott. "Why So Many Thirtysomething Women Are Leaving Your Company." Harvard Business Review. 15 March 2016.





The 5 Biases Pushing Women Out of STEM

gender research.

They identified 5 key biases encountered by women in STEM fields.

Joan C. Williams, Katherine W. Phillips & Erika V. Hall. "Gender Bias Against Women of Color in Science." UC Hastings College of the Law. 2014.

Researchers from The Center for WorkLife Law studied decades of





Prove-it-again

men in order to be seen as equally competent.

In a study by the Harvard Business Review, two-thirds of the their successes discounted, their expertise questioned.

Joan C. Williams, Katherine W. Phillips & Erika V. Hall. "Gender Bias Against Women of Color in Science." UC Hastings College of the Law. 2014.

Women often have to provide more evidence of competence than

women reported having to prove themselves over and over again -





The Tightrope

- seen as too feminine to be competent—or too masculine to be likable.
- Women are more likely to take on administrative tasks or things like kitchen duty - and to be looked down on if they don't.

Joan C. Williams, Katherine W. Phillips & Erika V. Hall. "Gender Bias Against Women of Color in Science." UC Hastings College of the Law. 2014.

Women often find themselves walking a tightrope between being





The Maternal Wall.

- When women have children, professional opportunities dry up.
- There are strong assumptions that women lose their work commitment and competence after they have children ...
 - are also penalized.

Joan C. Williams. "The 5 Biases Pushing Women Out of STEM." Harvard Business Review. 24 March 2015.

But mothers who remain indisputably committed to their work



I have to fight very

an Asian-American immunologist



hard to show that I am a good scientist as well)) as a mother.







6 There is an assumption that your career is more of a hobby than a 22 career.

a black microbiologist





Tug of War

Sometimes gender bias against women fuels conflict among women.

Women often exhibit the same bias against women in "traditionally masculine" careers that men do.

When women have experienced discrimination early in their careers, they may distance themselves from other women.

Joan C. Williams, Katherine W. Phillips & Erika V. Hall. "Gender Bias Against Women of Color in Science." UC Hastings College of the Law. 2014.













Sexual Harassment

- In a study of 60 scientists, all women of color, 34.5% reported sexual harassment.
- A 2014 study of scientists found that 64 percent of 666 respondents had experienced some sort of sexual harassment while doing fieldwork.
- Also a major problem at universities.

Joan C. Williams, Katherine W. Phillips & Erika V. Hall. "Gender Bias Against Women of Color in Science." UC Hastings College of the Law. 2014.





Sexual Harassment

- Kelly Ellis
- Susan Fowler
- Julie Ann Horvath
- Katrina Lake

Whitney Wolfe









We don't call anybody who talks about sexism in tech a whistleblower.







Sexual Harassment - What Needs to Change?

- Break the silence. Keep talking about it.
- Clear codes of conduct.
- Clear reporting and follow-up with no retaliation.
- Serious personal commitment at all levels to solving this.





Sexual Harassment - Tools for Change

- https://www.knowyourix.org/ Know Your Title IX
- Bystander Training!
- Promote more women





Hiring & Imposter Syndrome

Women are often less confident in their technical skills than men.

Men apply for a job when they meet only 60% of the qualifications, but women apply only if they meet 100% of them.



Tara Sophia Mohr. "Why Women Don't Apply for Jobs Unless They're 100% Qualified." Harvard Business Review. 25 August 2014.







Hiring & Imposter Syndrome

- But is it just a perception and confidence issue?
- counterparts.
- A 2011 McKinsey report found that men are often hired or promoted based on their potential, women for their experience and track record.

Tara Sophia Mohr. "Why Women Don't Apply for Jobs Unless They're 100% Qualified." Harvard Business Review. 25 August 2014.



Women often do need to meet more of the qualifications to be hired than do their male









Meritocracy


"superpumped"

rockstar

"self-made great man"

"let's get people like us"

unicorn

chosen one

"meritocracy and toe-stepping"

"always be hustlin"

"we don't make mistakes"

guru

top performer

ninja



If you let someone build tomorrow, tomorrow will belong to someone else. They will build a better tomorrow for everyone like them.



FAREGRIMLOCK





Meritocracy

- Meritocracy selecting people on the basis of their ability is crap.
- It doesn't work.
- The term was used in a 1958 satirical essay by Michael Young which pictured the UK ruled by a class that put aptitude and intelligence above all else.
- It results in hiring people like you because you view their ability through your lens - and ability is a function of education & privilege.





Meritocracy

- "So what's the worst thing that happens if we hire only brilliant programmers, as long as they come from all walks of life?"
- You get asshole genius coders, and there is no room for them.
- People should never be hired or judged on one characteristic.
- "Okay, but I need to hire people now so I have to just hire people I trust."
- If you start hiring people who look and think like you, it will only get harder and harder to become diverse down the road.







Intersectionality

- Being a woman of color in tech is even harder.
- In a study of women in STEM fields, Black women were 76.9% more likely to report having to provide more evidence of competence than others to prove themselves to colleagues.

Joan C. Williams, Katherine W. Phillips & Erika V. Hall. "Gender Bias Against Women of Color in Science." UC Hastings College of the Law. 2014.







Intersectionality

- administrative or custodial staff.
- Black women also reported being openly confronted by negative racial stereotypes.

Joan C. Williams, Katherine W. Phillips & Erika V. Hall. "Gender Bias Against Women of Color in Science." UC Hastings College of the Law. 2014.

48% of Black women and 46.9% of Latinas report having been mistaken for





Work Life Balance

- "Work Hard and Go Home" Slack
- This should be the norm!
- Women are especially penalized for having to leave at a normal hour to pick up children, etc.





Benefits

- Big tech companies now offer many benefits that are aimed particularly at women and mothers.
- Childcare, parental leave, egg freezing, IVF, surrogacy, paid parental leave for partners, concierge and convenience services for new parents, shipping breast milk home when traveling for work.
- This is a huge step up but equal pay at 40 hour weeks would be even better!







10% The Pay Gap Frequency of Roles 8% 6% 4% 2% 0%

12%

-30%

Job offers made to women that were less than job offers made to men

"The State of Wage Inequality in the Workplace" Hired.com. 2018.

-60%









		\$0.98			
				¢0.04	
2	\$0.92			\$0.94	_
			\$0.88		
5-30	Ages 31-35	Ages 36-40	Ages 41-45	Ages 46-50	





The Pay Gap





"The State of Wage Inequality in the Workplace" Hired.com. 2018.





Expectation Gap



NASHVILLE 2018 \$1.00				Wage	e Gap			
APRIL 9-13 Men's Wages	\$1.00		\$0.99					
The Pay Gap \$0.94		\$0.96		\$0.95	\$0.94		\$0.94	
\$0.88 —						\$0.90		\$0.90
	White Men	White Women	Asian Men	Asian Women	Black Men	Black Women	Hispanic Men	Hispanio Women
				Expectat	ion Gap			
\$1.00 — Men's Expectations	\$1.00		\$0.99					
\$0.94		\$0.96		\$0.94	\$0.95		\$0.94	
\$0.88						\$0.91		\$0.90
	White Men	White Women	Asian Men	Asian Women	Black Men	Black Women	Hispanic Men	Hispanic Women



"The State of Wage Inequality in the Workplace" Hired.com. 2018.





The Pay Gap

Average Preferred Salaries and Salary Offers by Race

	\$127
Asian	
\$124K	
Black	
\$124K	
Hispanic	
White	
Average preferred salary	•

"The State of Salaries Report." Hired.com. 2018.









What Can We Do?







What Can We Do?

- Hire Women. Find them. Recruit them. Do the work.
- Avoid loaded and masculine terms in job listings.
- Assess and evaluate your culture is it friendly to women?
- Do your research. Approach this as any other important business need.







Questions?





First time sprinter workshop

Mentored **Core sprint**

9:00-12:00 Room: Stolz 2

Join us for contribution sprints Friday, April 13, 2018

> 9:00-12:00 Room: Stolz 2

General sprint

9:00-12:00 Room: Stolz 2

#drupalsprint





What did you think?

Locate this session at the DrupalCon Nashville website: https://events.drupal.org/nashville2018/sessions/women-tech-workplace

Take the Survey! https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/nashville



